The Bombay Gazette.

No. 7,236.—New Series. BOMBAY :—SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1869. Annual Subscription in Advance... ..Rupees Fifty-two.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

TERM OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For year in advance delivered in Town	Rs. 52 0
——— including postage	„ 72 0
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First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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per line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	8 As. per line.
Second Ditto	4½ „ „
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

Domestic Occurrences. Each—Rupee 1.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND FREIGHT ROUTE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL, LONDON, TRIESTE, MARSEILLES, BRINDISI, VENICE, GENOA, BARCELONA, HAVRE, ADEN, AND SUEZ.

THE Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company, under arrangements with other first class lines of Steamers from Alexandria, undertake to give through Bills of Lading for Goods via Egypt to the above and most other Continental Ports.

A limited number of passengers can be accommodated.

Rates of Fare.

To Suez—1st class £45, 2nd class £25. } Exclusive
To Trieste—1st class £64 10s., 2nd class £37 5s. } of Wines.

Steamers will leave Bombay on every alternate Wednesday commencing on 10th March.

For Freight or Passage apply to Messrs. Stephen, Kennard & Co., London; Messrs. Tod, Kennard & Co., Liverpool; Messrs. Tod, Rathborne & Co., Alexandria; Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company, Trieste and Venice; and Messrs. Fraissinet Pere et Fils, Marseilles; or to the undersigned in Bombay.

The Steam-ship "Neera," 2,300 tons, Captain Hanscom, will be despatched about 2nd June.

STEARNS, HOBART, & Co.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Gentlemen proceeding Home will find all that is requisite in the following detailed list; the Goods being made specially for the passage and Home use :—

REQUIREMENTS.

1 Dozen Silk and Wool Shirts.	1 Rug with Straps,
2 „ Under Vests.	1 Maud.
1 „ Linen Collars.	1 Inverness Cape.
1 „ Fine Cotton Socks.	1 Hand Portmanteau.
1 „ Fine Merino Socks.	2 Overland Trunks.
1 „ Fine Merino Drawers.	1 Clothes Bag.
1 „ Colored Handkerchiefs.	1 Travelling Hat,
1 „ White Cambric.	1 Courier Bag.
1 Overland Suit.	1 Easy Chair.
2 Sleeping Suits.	1 Umbrella.
2 Pairs of Kid Gloves.	1 Pair of Brushes.
6 Scarfs and Ties.	Ladies' Overland Trunks.

Return Fares.—First Class Passengers embarking from India by the P. and O. Co.'s Steamer within six months of their arrival from England, and *vice versa*, will be allowed a reduction of 20 per cent. on the Return Passage Money.

Bombay. BADHAM & Co., Apollo House.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The "Bombay Gazette" Overland Summary is now Ready. It contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

	Rs. as.
Annual Subscription	12 0
Single Copy	0 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Meadow Street, Fort.

OVERLAND CARGO.—The s. s. "Ellora" has brought the cargoes of the following vessels :—

Accelerated cargo ex
s. s. "Massilia," from Southampton, 24th April.
„ „ "Tanjore," from Marseilles, 2nd May.
Unaccelerated cargo ex
s. s. "Ceylon," from Southampton, 17th April.
„ „ "Iberian," from Liverpool, 1st April.

H. S. BOSTOCK,
Acting Superintendent P. & O. Company.

Bombay, 21st May, 1869.

THE POONA HOTEL.

TO BE OPENED BY JEWANJEE & Co., PROPRIETORS OF BYCULLA HOTEL.

JEWANJEE & Co. have the pleasure to intimate to the Gentry of Bombay that they have arranged to open a new Hotel in Poona. A fine commodious new building, close to the Bund, with large compound from the Bungalow to the river side, has been secured, and is now being fitted up in first-rate style. Further notice will be given as to the date of opening.

JEWANJEE & Co.

NOTICE.—The Special General Meeting of the Members of the Bombay Club, convened for Tuesday the 1st day of June, has been postponed to Wednesday the 9th proximo, at 5 P.M.

By order of the Committee,
JAMES J. CURNIN,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay Club, 21st May, 1869.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUDICATURE at BOMBAY.

In the matter of Act 26 of 1865 of the Legislative Council of India, and in the matter of Atmaram Madhowjee, an Insolvent Trader.

Notice is hereby given, that on Friday next, the Twenty-eighth day of May, instant, an application will be made to Mr. Justice Westropp, at his chambers, in the High Court, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, on behalf of Mr. Thomas Fisher Punnett, one of the trustees of the above estate, for an order that the said Thomas Fisher Punnett be allowed to resign his office of trustee of the said estate on the ground of his intended departure for England on or about the twenty-ninth instant; and further that the liquidation of the said estate may be continued by the other trustee, Mr. Michael Rozario De Quadros, as sole trustee thereof.—Dated this 21st day of May, 1869.

PEARN, CLEVELAND, & PEILE,
Attorneys to the Trustees.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUDICATURE at BOMBAY.—Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

In the matters of Act 28 of 1865, and of the Estate of Soondurjee Nanjee and Monurjee Soondurjee, trading in Bombay under the name and style of Soondurjee Nanjee and Company, and at Calcutta under the name or style of Nanjee Jairam, and at Mangarole under the name or style of Soondurjee Nanjee.

Pursuant to leave this day granted by the Honorable Mr. Justice Westropp, Notice is hereby given, that the application for the resignation of Thomas Fisher Punnett, and the appointment of William Oldfield Helmets as sole trustee of the above estate in his stead, of which was advertised to be made this day, will be made on Friday next, the 28th instant, to the said Judge, at his chambers, in the High Court, at 10-30 of the clock in the forenoon.—Dated this 21st day of May, 1869.

KEIR, PRESCOT & WINTER,
Attorneys to the Trustee.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUDICATURE at BOMBAY.—Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

SUIT No. 830 of 1868.

Dhunbayee, widow, and Jamsetjee Framjee, both of Bombay, Parsee inhabitants, residing in a house assessed under No. 37, situate at Cowasjee Patell Street, within the Fort, executrix and executor of the last Will and Testament of Framjee Bomanjee Palkeewalla, late of Bombay, Parsee inhabitant, deceased ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Abdool Latiff, of Bombay, Mahomedan, Merchant, residing in a house assessed under No. 6, situate at Mahomed Hoosein Kombeker Street, outside the Fort ..... Defendant.

Pursuant to the Decree made in the above suit, and bearing date the 1st day of September, 1868, the following immoveable property will be sold in two lots by Public Auction, before Charles E. Fox, Esquire, Commissioner of the High Court of Bombay, at his Office in the Court House, on Wednesday, the 16th day of June next, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

Lot No. 1.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Dhunbayee, widow, Jamsetjee Framjee, and Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Abdool Latiff, or any of them, in all that piece or parcel of land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate in the sub-district of Mazagon, on the eastern side of the Sewree Road, containing by admeasurement seven thousand four hundred and twelve square yards, be the same a little more or less, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Nos. 99, 461, and 980, and by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 16, and bounded as follows:—on the north by a piece of Government or vacant ground, on the south by the property of Hajee Mahomed Hajee Abdool Currimjee, on the east by the property of Sonjbee Eduljee Powalla, and on the west by the Sewree road, and which premises were formerly occupied by Thomas Proud, as tenant of the said Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Abdool Latiff, and are at present unoccupied.

Lot No. 2.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed Dhunbayee, widow, Jamsetjee Framjee, and Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Abdool Latiff, or any of them, in all that messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house and yard standing on Fazendary ground, situate in the sub-district of Mandvee, on the western side of Mahomed Hoosein Kombeker Street, containing by admeasurement three hundred and seventy-two square yards, be the same a little more or less, assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 6, bounded as follows:—on or towards the north by the house of Hajee Joomas Noor Mahomed, on or towards the south by the house of Hajee Abdool Kadir Mecklanee, on or towards the east by Mahomed Hoosein Kombeker Street, and on or towards the west by a sweepers' passage, and which premises are at present vacant, but were lately occupied by Hajee Jan Mahomed Hajee Abdool Latiff or his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made at the office of the said Commissioner and at the office of Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland, and Peile, Attorneys for the plaintiffs above named, in Graham's Building, Parsee Bazar Street.—Dated this 22nd day of April, 1869.

CHARLES E. FOX, Commissioner.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

Established 1825.
Constituted by Special Acts of Parliament.

ANNUAL REPORT, 1869.

The Forty-third Annual General Meeting of the Standard Life Assurance Company was held at Edinburgh on Monday, the 19th of April, 1869.

George Moir, Esq., Advocate, in the Chair.

The Manager submitted to the Meeting a Report by the Directors as to the Progress of the Business. He also submitted—

The Annual Report on the Books and Accounts by the Auditor of the Company, certifying that he had found the whole Accounts accurately stated and properly vouched.

Balance-Sheet of the Company's Affairs, certified by the Auditor and three of the Directors, in accordance with the Acts of Parliament constituting the Company.

A General and Comparative Statement explanatory of the Progress of the Business from 1825 to 1868.

The following results were communicated in the Report:—

Amount proposed for Assurance during the year 1868 (2198 Proposals)	£1,385,562 19 6
Amount of Assurances accepted during the year 1868 (1602 Policies)	£1,104,264 19 6
Annual Premiums on new Policies	£36,404, 12 6
Claims by death during the year, exclusive of Bonus Additions	£315,070 15 6
Annual Revenue at 15th November 1868	£760,450 19 8
Accumulated Fund invested in Mortgages, Government Securities, Land, &c.	£4,095,589 16 2

Statement Showing the Investment of the Funds at 15th November 1868.

Mortgages and other Landed Securities	£2,687,368 17 3
Government Securities	£4,548 19 0
Loans on the Company's Policies within their Surrender Value	205,552 12 9
Various Investments, including the obligations of other Companies	355,179 8 7
Stocks and Debentures	280,475 6 7
Bank Balances, Agents' Balances, and Premiums upon which Days of Grace are current	273,996 9 9
Invested Abroad in connection with Colonial business	84,459 1 5
Life Annuities and Reversions purchased	35,694 16 10
Miscellaneous Property	198,464 4 0
	£4,095,589 16 2

The report was unanimously adopted.

Bombay Board.

A. R. Scoble, Esq., Barrister-at-law.
H. Prentis, Esq., Messrs. Acland, Prentis, and Bishop.
W. Nixon, Esq., Messrs. Killick, Nixon, & Co.
A. E. Ashley Esq., The London, Asiatic, and American Company (Limited
Secretaries and Agents in Bombay—The London, Asiatic, and American Co. (Limited).

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRANT ROAD THEATRE.

THE PARSEE ELPHINSTONE DRAMATIC CLUB

Will appear for the last time this season in honour of the Birth-day of Her Majesty the Queen,

ON MONDAY, 24TH MAY, 1869,

When will be enacted, as altered by R. L. Sheil, from Rivers and Shirley's Tragedy (in three Acts) of

"EVADNE; OR, THE STATUE."

To be followed by David Garrick's rendering (in three Acts) of Shakespeare's Comedy of

"THE TAMING OF THE SHREW."

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Reserved Seats	Rs. 5
Dress Circle	„ 4
Stalls	„ 3
Gallery	„ 2
Pit	„ 1

Doors open at 8-30, performace commencing at 8-45 P.M.

Tickets to be had at the Oriental Exchange, opposite the Secretariate, and at the Theatre on the night of performance.

TWO GENTLEMEN are invited by two others, resident in the Fort, to share expenses with them, which are guaranteed not to exceed Rs. 110 each per mensem. Situation open to the breezes. Apply to No. 1415, at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LOST, TRANSFER RECEIPT No. 2113, of one Share, numbered 3599, of the Elphinstone Land and Press Company, Limited. Any one bringing the above receipt to the undersigned will be well rewarded. Notice has also been given to the Secretary and Treasurer of the Company.

MADHOWDASS GHELLABHAI,
Broker, at Kalbadevy, Lamwady.

NOTICE.—A quantity of Preserved Meat, Soups, Essence of Beef, Cruppers Leather, Surcingles Boots, &c., &c., will be sold by Public Auction on Wednesday, the 26th instant, at 7 P.M., at the Commissariat Stores, Tulsi Barracks. Terms—Cash; and the lots to be removed forthwith.

L. DAVIES, Major,
For Executive Commissariat Officer at the Presidency.
Bombay, 21st May, 1869.

CHARTERED BANK of INDIA, AUSTRALIA, and CHINA.

Hatton Court, [Threadneedle Street, London.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

(Presented at the Fifteenth Ordinary General Meeting, 21st April, 1869.)

The Directors have to lay before the Shareholders, accompanying this Report, the General Balance Sheet of the Bank made up to the 31st December last, showing a net Profit for the year of £91,515 12s. 1d., or at the rate of nearly 11½ per cent. on the Capital.

The Directors regret that they have had to write off from this sum on Old Bad Debt Account a further amount of £21,213 0s. 4d., mainly in consequence of one or two large concerns not having fulfilled the expectations formed of them; but the comparatively small balance still remaining under this heading is now believed to be certain of realization.

The Directors have no hesitation in recommending the continuance of the Dividend at the rate of Six per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax, which was initiated at the last Ordinary Meeting. The payment of this Dividend will leave a balance of £23,365-9-2, part of which they would have been glad to transfer to the Reserve Fund; but a fresh commercial disaster at Batavia, the extent of which cannot yet be defined, but which will certainly under no circumstances at all injure the resources of the Bank, causes the Board to consider it more prudent to carry forward the surplus as Undivided Profits to the account of this year.

Mr. J. C. Stewart, who was for so long a time the Bank's zealous and experienced Secretary, has retired on superannuation, in consequence of impaired health, and is succeeded by Mr. W. C. Mollins, who previously acted as his deputy. Mr. J. H. Gwyther, long connected with the Bank, has been appointed Sub-Manager.

The Directors who now retire by rotation are—Mr. Joseph Robert Morrison and Mr. James Fraser, and, being immediately re-eligible, they again offer themselves as candidates for the Direction.

Mr. Jonathan Thorp and Mr. Owen Lewis, having completed their year of office as Auditors, also present themselves for re-election.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

Liabilities and Assets, 31st December, 1868.

Dr.

	£	s.	d.
To Capital paid up in full	800,000	0	0
„ Reserved Surplus Fund	10,000	0	0
„ Amount due by the Bank, including Bills Payable, Notes in Circulation, Deposits, and Current Accounts	3,984,753	12	5
„ Profit and Loss. Balance of this Account, after payment of an Interim Dividend, providing for bad and doubtful Debts, and paying all Current Charges, Income Tax, &c.	47,365	9	2
	£4,842,119	1	7

Cr.

	£	s.	d.
By Cash and Bullion at the Head Office and Agencies	1,060,919	9	8
„ Government Securities	301	4	0
„ Other Securities, including Bills Receivable and Loans	3,655,117	9	9
„ Bank Premises and Furniture, at the Head office and Agencies	105,781	7	2
	£4,842,119	1	7

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

For the year ended 31st December, 1868.

Dr.

1868.		£	s.	d.
Oct. 21.	To Nineteenth Dividend declared this day, being an Interim Dividend for the Half Year to 30th June last, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum	24,000	0	0
Dec. 31.	„ Amount written off to meet bad and doubtful debts	21,213	0	4
	„ Balance at this date, carried to be dealt with as follows:—			
	Dividend (Twentieth) for the last Half Year, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum	£24,000 0 0		
	To be carried to Profit and Loss New Account	23,365 9 2		
		47,365	9	2
		£92,578	9	6

Cr.

1867.		£	s.	d.
Dec. 31.	By Balance brought from last Account	1,062	17	5
Dec. 31.	„ Net Profits on the Operations for the year ending this day	91,515	12	1
		£92,578	9	6

Examined and found correct,
JONATHAN THORP,
OWEN LEWIS, } Auditors.

London, 2nd April, 1869.

Minutes of the Fifteenth Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders, held at the London Tavern, Wednesday, the 21st day of April, 1869.

THOMAS ALEXANDER MITCHELL, Esq., M.P., in the Chair.

The Advertisement convening the Meeting, and the Directors' Report, with the General Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account closed to the 31st December last, having been read, the following resolutions were successively put, and carried unanimously:—

Moved by the Chairman, and seconded by John Jones, Esq.:—

1st. That the Report now presented, together with the Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, be approved and adopted.

Moved by the Chairman, and seconded by Wm. Macnaughtan, Esq.:—

2nd. That a Dividend for the half-year ended 31st December last, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum (free of income tax) be now declared, payable on and after the 28th instant.

Moved by the Chairman, and seconded by Thos. Lancaster, Esq.:—

3rd. That Mr. Joseph R. Morrison, who now retires by rotation, be re-elected a Director.

Moved by the Chairman, and seconded by John Allan, Esq.:—

4th. That Mr. James Fraser, who now retires by rotation, be re-elected a Director.

Moved by Thomas Huggins, Esq., and seconded by W. H. Mann, Esq.:—

5th. That Mr. Jonathan Thorp be re-elected an Auditor for the ensuing year.

Moved by H. J. Burton, Esq., and seconded by W. W. Kerr, Esq.:—

6th. That Mr. Owen Lewis be re-elected an Auditor for the ensuing year.

T. A. MITCHELL, Chairman.

The Warrants for the Dividend above declared, to Shareholders of this Presidency, are now in course of circulation to their respective addresses.

JAMES DOUGLAS, Agent.

Bombay, 21st May, 1869.

WANTED.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS with BOARD can be had at Grant Buildings. Separate rooms, furnished or unfurnished—or Board without Lodging may be had. Terms moderate. Address G. B., care of "Bombay Gazette."

HOUSES, &c., TO LET.

TO BE LET, several Rooms and Godowns in Grant Buildings. Apply to the Manager, Land Mortgage Bank of India, Limited, Parsee Bazaar Street.

TO BE LET, from the 10th April, the Bungalow No. 82, Malabar Hill, in the occupation of R. L. Crawford, Esq. Apply to the Manager, Land Mortgage Bank of India (Limited), Parsee Bazaar Street.

TO LET.—THE MAZAGON LAND and RECLAMATION COMPANY (Limited.)—Three Houses on the Company's Property. Rent—Rs. 25, Rs. 30 and Rs. 70. For further particulars apply to Mr. Geo. Gahagan, Traffic Superintendent, on the Works.

RITCHIE, STEUART, & Co.
Secretaries and Treasurers.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th May 1869.

CHESSON and WOODHALL'S LIBRARY

No. 10, Hummum Street, Bombay,
And No. 1, East Street, Poona.

NEW AND OTHER BOOKS

Received by the steamer "Baroda,"
At reduced prices. 10 as. per shilling.

An Encyclopedia of Civil Engineering, by E. Cresy	Rs.	26	2
Aunt Judy's May Volume		3	4
The Ocean World, by C. O. J. Napier		10	4
Treasures in Needlework, by Mrs. Warren		3	10
Poetical Works of Thomas Moore		2	4
Forbes's Hindoostanee Manual		2	4
Buff's Guide to the Turf. Spring edn		2	4
The Taxation of the United Kingdom, by R. D. Baxter		3	0
Handbook of Besique		0	6
Jingles and Jokes for little Folks, by T. Hood		0	10
Hindoostanee and English, and English and Hindoostanee Dictionary, by D. Forbes		21	8
Uncle Silas, by J. J. Le Fanu		1	4
Hanover Square		4	12
Cassell's Family Prayer Book		4	12
Conic Sections by W. H. Besant		3	0
Keith-Johnston's Shilling Atlas		0	10
Un Mari dont on Le Moque, by Paul Dekock		2	0
Le Concierge De La Rue Du Bac, ditto		2	0
Artimus Ward, his Book		0	10
Wade's 50 Selected Songs and Ballads		1	0
Chappell's 100 Dances for Flute		1	0
Boosey's Musical Cabinet, No. 124. Herold's Opera Zampa		0	10

ombay, 17th May, 1869. CHESSON & WOODHALL.

NOTICES.

Messrs. BADHAM and COMPANY.

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND GENERAL WAREHOUSEMEN.
Apollo House. Bombay.

By Appointment.

To the late EARLS CANNING and ELGIN; and SIR JOHN MAIR LAWRENCE, G.C.B., K.S.I.

The present Viceroy and Governor General, His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the EARL OF MAYO K.P.

SEASON 1868-69.

MESSRS. BADHAM and COMPANY, in announcing the arrival of their Shipments for the present season, beg to call special attention to the great extension of all Departments.

The Goods have been carefully selected by Mr. BADHAM from the best London and Parisian Markets and in order to obtain the latest novelties, the Goods have been despatched by the Overland Route.

BADHAM'S SPECIAL INDIAN HOSIERY

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	Rs.
Fine Bro. Cotton Socks, per dozen	12	to 21
Superfine do. do.	18	„ 21
Balbrigan embossed Silk do.	20	
Fine Striped and Fancy Socks	14	„ 20
Fine Mixed Silk and Cotton	25	
Superfine Grey and Mixed Merino	13	„ 18½
Extra Superfine do. Mixed Striped	21	„ 24
Lisle Thread ½ Hose	20	
Do. Fancy Striped	25	
Fancy and Striped Silk Socks	25	„ 45
Ribbed Knickerbocker Stockings for Shikaring &c., per pair	3	„ 6
Celebrated India Gauze under Vests	4½	
Silk and Wool Pants	6	„ 8
India Gauze Pants	6	„ 8
Grey Merino Pants	6	„ 8
Bathing Drawers Striped and Fancy Cotton	2½	

BADHAM'S SHIRTS

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	as.
Fine Longcloth Shirts per doz	45	0
Superfine Do. Do. per doz. 55, 60,	65	0
Do. Dress Do. „	75	0
Pure Silk and Wool Shrunk, each	10	8
Do. all Wool „	10	8
Do. Cashmere „	10	8
Spun Silk Shirts	12	8
French Printed Shirts per dozen	70	0
Spun Silk Sleeping Suits each	25	0
Cashmere Do. „	20	0
Silk and Wool Do. (indispensable)	20	0
Prince of Wales Do. „	18	0
THE PRINCE OF WALES'S Colored Shirts, a new Material highly recommended by those who wear Flannel and require an absorbing Material, each	8	8

BADHAM'S THREE-FOLD COLLARS

COLLAR DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	as.
The Fall Mall per dozen	7	0
do with Tie „	7	8
The Belgian „	7	0
do with Tie „	7	8
The Shakspear „	7	0
do. with Tie „	7	0
The Regent „	7	0
The Indian „	7	0
The Improved West End „	7	0

BADHAM'S SCARFS, TIES, &c.

FANCY DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	as.
The Duke of Edinburgh Scarf	3	0
The Rotten Row Scarf	3	8
The Bond Street do	3	8
The Bond Street Washing Scarf	1	
The Windsor Scarf for Sailor's Knot, Gauze Silk, Satin, &c., Rs. 5-8 to	4	0
An Immense Assortment of all kinds of Scarfs and Ties		
Guyot's Improved French Braces	2	8
Lines, who previously acted as his deputy. Mr. J. H. Gwyther, long connected with the Bank, has been appointed Sub-Manager.	3	0
The Union Web Braces	3	0
Bridle Leather Belts	3	0

LINEN DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	Rs.
Damask Napkins of all sizes		
Damask Table Cloths, for Four to twenty persons		
Gentlemen's Cambric Handkerchiefs ready for use per dozen	12-8 to	25
Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs, Colored Borders		16-8
Gentlemen's French Cambric, with Photographs	32-8	

JEWELLERY DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	Rs.
Gold Solitaires Plain	15	to 30
„ „ Chased	15	„ 30
„ „ Enameled	16	„ 30
„ Sleeve Links	18	„ 30
„ Shirt Studs	14	„ 30
„ Scarf Rings	8	„ 12
„ Scarf Pins (latest novelties)	10	„ 30

TRAVELLING DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	Rs.
Overland Trunks	20	to 32
Solid Leather Portmanteaus	20	„ 70
Railway Portmanteaus	16	„ 30
Leather Bags (of all descriptions)		
Scotch Plaids	12	„ 35
Railway Rugs	12	„ 50
Whitney Rugs, Overland Chairs, Invalid Chairs, Clothes Bags, Real Morocco Courier Bags, Rug Straps, Cholera Belts.		

HAT DEPARTMENT.	Rs.	as.
Paris Hats	14	0
Drab Shell Felt	10	8
The Celt Black and Drabs	8	8
ELLWOOD'S EXTRA QUALITY { The Jerome do.	7	8
The Cantab do.	7	8
The Isis do.	7	8
The Derby do.	7	8

ELLWOOD'S AIR CHAMBER HELMETS BEST QUALITY { Hunting, Patent Inner Bands. „ Furban „ lined Cork. Helmets.

The new Regulation Helmets, Hawkes's Patent, best quality.

LINCOLN AND BENNETT'S { Black Velvet Hats ..... Rs. 16

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

Ladies Kid Gloves.....Rs. 2 As. 8.

Gent.'s	Gent.'s	Gent.'s
Military Doe.	Lisle Thread	Black.
Dogskin.	White.	Drabs assorted.
Driving Gloves.	Straw.	French Dog Skin.
Drab Norway.	Lavender.	

STICKS.

Best Red Blankets Rs. 25 per pair.

UMBRELLAS.

Gent.'s Plain and Twill Silk Fox's Paragon Frames, Ladies' Plain Silk, Ivory and Carved Oak Handles.

BADHAM and Company,
Indian Hosiers.

TO be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION on the 25th instant, if not previously disposed of at No. 34, Kalbadevie Road, the Ice-soda Fountain and Pictures, all in good working order, also a First Class Billiard Table with Thurston's Patent Cushions with Balls and Cues, Marking Boards, &c.; also a first rate Bagatelle Table, to be sold without reserve, on account of Abdool Cadir and Abdool Jilly & Co. No. 34 Kalbadevie Road.

May 14th 1869.

P. GRANT AND SON,
SADDLERS and HARNESS MAKERS.
No. 9, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

GEO. NICOLL AND COMPANY,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS.
24, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.
1, EAST STREET, POONA.
1, ELPHINSTONE STREET, KURRACHEE.

MRS. LAKES
MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT,
UXBRIDGE HOUSE.
7, CLARE ROAD, BYCULLA, BOMBAY,

Every description of MILLINERY on hand.
Kept up by supplies received per OVERLAND.
A large assortment of Children's DRESSES, PELISSES, CLOAKS, HATS, HOODS, SOCKS, &c., always in Stock.
WEDDING and MOURNING ORDERS carefully attended to.
LADIES OWN MATERIALS made up.
"ORDERS FROM OUTSTATIONS must be accompanied by a REMITTANCE, OR REFERENCE FOR PAYMENT IN BOMBAY."

A. ALLAN, TAILOR and OUTFITTER, has the pleasure to announce the arrival of his NEW STOCK, which has been selected and manufactured expressly to his order; and from the superior quality of texture, and the latest novelty, he begs to assert that they cannot be excelled. He respectfully invites his constituents and the public in general to judge for themselves :—

Exhibition West of England Broad Cloths.
Superfine Scarlet Black and Blue Broad Cloths.
Black, Blue, Oxford Mixture, and fancy Doeskins.
West of England Tweeds of every description.
A variety of Scotch Tweeds and Fancy Angolas.
New Pattern colored Cotton and Linen Drills.
Diamond Quiltings, Black and White Silk Vestings.

A. ALLAN having purchased a job lot of silk mixed Tweeds, he now offers to make suits of them at prices never before offered in Bombay.

Fancy Dark Silk Mixed Suits		Rs. 35
Do. do. do.	Double Breasted Coats	„ 18
Do. do. do.	Trousers	„ 12

UNIFORMS, NEW REGULATION.

New Infantry and Staff Corps Belts.
New Regulation Cork Helmets and Collar Ornaments.
Hosiery of every description.

TRAVELLERS' COMFORTS.

Scotch Plaids, Railway Wrappers, and Tweed Caps.
Solid Leather Trunks, Portmanteaus, and Straps.

ALLAN'S CYCLONIAN WATERPROOF SUITS, Black and Drab, made expressly to resist the severest weather; warranted not to stick together, and will last for years. Cash price, Drab Rs. 35; Black Rs. 30. For measurement, send size of chest and height.

17, Apollo Street, Bombay. A. ALLAN.

LIVERY STABLES.—Pestonjee Eduljee Shroff, Kalbadavie Road, opposite the Shop of Nuthoo Ebram.

P. E. S. lets out on hire good Palanquins, Shigrams, Phaetons, Broughams, or Carriages, with either one Horse or a pair. Charges moderate. Terms—Cash in advance.

JUST RECEIVED, a Fresh Stock of the following :— At a Reduced Price.

Saunders' Best Foolscap.
Lumsden's do.
Blotting Paper—Double Thick—all Colours.
Writing and Copying Ink, by Arnould and Stephens.
Account Books—of all sizes.
De La Rue's Playing Cards.
Watman's Drawing Paper—of all sizes.
Copying Paper—Foolscap and Letter size.
Lithographic Transfer Paper.
Do. do. Ink.
Do. Printing Ink.

CHESSON & WOODHALL.

Bombay, 6th May, 1869.

NOTICES.

THE Office of the Commercial Bank Corporation has been removed to Sassoon's Buildings, Marine Lane, off Apollo Street.

G. F. RIMINGTON,
Attorney for the Official Liquidator.

Bombay, 12th May, 1869.

MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER.—For sale, at Tank Bunder, Moulmein Teak Timber of all sizes,—some beams measuring 50 to 75 feet in length. Apply to Bomanjee Pallonjee Mistry, at Bora Musjid Lane, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MUNCHERJEE DADABHOY BHOWNUGGREE.
Kalbadevi Road, near Government Book Depôt.

PREMCHUND ROYCHUND'S ESTATE.—A Second Dividend of Decmal Fifteen per Cent ('15 per cent.) will be paid to Creditors on the above Estate whose claims have been admitted, on Tuesday the 18th instant, and on succeeding Tuesdays, between the hours of 11 A.M. and 2 P.M.

JAMES RANKEN,
T. F. PUNNETT,
G. R. WILSON, } Trustees.

6 Elphinstone Circle, 17th May, 1869.

INDIAN PENINSULA, LONDON, AND CHINA BANK, Limited, (in Liquidation.)—Notice is hereby given, that a third distribution of the assets of this Bank, at the rate of Rs. 3 (Rupees three) per share, has this day been made, and the shareholders now on the register can obtain the same on any Monday, Wednesday or Friday during the next three weeks, between the hours of 12 and 2, on their producing the Liquidator's certificate for registration two days previously. The Transfer Books of the Bank are closed until further notice.

T. F. PUNNETT,
Liquidator.

NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER AND SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Paid up Capital £250,000 0 0
Fire Reserve Fund £207,153 10 12
Fire Premium Reserve £138,514 15 1
..... 435,668 5 11
Total Accumulated Funds 2,838,118 16 11
Annual Income, from Fire, Life, and Investments 801,801 12 9

Agents in Bombay, W. NICOL & Co.

THE MANOCKJEE PETIT'S SPINNING and WEAVING COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that a Dividend of Rs. 50 per share, or at the rate of 5 per cent on paid-up Capital, will be paid to the Shareholders, on and after the 26th instant. Shareholders are requested to produce the Share Certificates when applying for dividends.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from the 18th to 26th instant, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
MERWANJEE FRAMJEE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, May, 1869.

STREET'S INDIAN and COLONIAL MERCANTILE DIRECTORY.

For sale, at this Office, Street's Indian and Colonial Directory, price Rs. 12-8, giving names and addresses of merchants, professional men, and shopkeepers in all the principal towns of India, Ceylon, China, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, South Africa, Canada, British Columbia, South and Central America, West Indies, Mediterranean, and Great Britain, and also names of consuls, trade returns, customs' tariffs, means of communication, and other information regarding the above mentioned places is invaluable to merchants.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, May 11.

THE BOMBAY RECLAMATION COMPANY, Limited, (in Liquidation)—TO HOUSE BUILDERS and OTHERS.—NOTICE.—There will be sold by Public Auction, on Malabar Hill, on Tuesday, the 25th instant, at 3 P.M., the materials of a large lofty wooden bungalow (No. 8), containing 8 rooms, together with out-houses. The roofing of the bungalow is of valuable corrugated zinc sheet, and that of the out-houses of corrugated Iron.

Also the iron columns, girders, joists, &c., of an iron bungalow, (in complete) measuring 107 feet by 40 feet, including

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SHARE MARKET.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON.

MARKET quiet. Sellers for New Bank of Bombay shares at 562½.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Subscribed Capital.	Nomi. of sh.	Paid up.	Last dividend.	Names.	Rate per Share.
	Rs.	Rs. p. a.			
1,000,000	100	all	5 p.ct.	Agra Bank	126
3,140,000	1,000	all	8 p.ct.	Bank of Bengal	1675
3,000,000	500	all	5 p.ct.	Ditto of Bombay New ...	570
2,750,000	1,000	all	7 p.c.	Ditto of Madras	1550
750,000	250	all	6 p. c.	Chartered Mercantile Bk. of L. & China	300
700,000	200	all	6 do.	Chartered Bk. of I. & O.	200
1,000,000	500	250	8 do.	Delhi and London.....	200
1,000,000	250	125	8 do.	National Bank of India.	140
500,000	250	all	12 dc.	Oriental Bank.....	417½

LAND COMPANIES.

1,180,000	3,000	all	Rs. 80	Colaba Land Co.....	1430
1,980,000	1,000	all	Rs. 70	Elph'st'ne Land.....	880
2,999,000	1,000	600	11-14	Do. New	475
2,000,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	Frere Land	80
100,000	5,000	4,100	Nil	Mazagon Land	835
...	2,000	1,300	Nil	Fort Canning	990

SHIPPING COMPANY.

500,000	5,000	2,500	1,350	Bombay Ship Co. '..... 1290

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

...	£20	218.3.0	5 p.c.	G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock	227
...	£20	196.8.8	do.	Do. New £20 shares	198
...	£100	1,000	do.	B. B. & C. I. Railway Co.	1120
...	£18	196.5.1	do.	Do. New Shares	Par.

MILITARY.

ARRIVALS.—MAY 21.

Shaw, Captain, Madras Staff Corps, on leave, from England.
McDonald, Captain, Bengal Staff Corps, on leave, from England.
Hunter, Captain, Royal Artillery, on leave, from Teetbul.
Newport, Captain, Royal Artillery, on leave, from England.
Vanes, Colonel; Staff, on leave, from England.
Goodfellow, Major, Royal Engineers, on duty, from Poona.
Trotter, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, on sick leave, from England.
Doherty, Captain, 3rd (K. O.) Hussars, on sick leave, from England.
Vincent, Colonel, Staff Corps, on sick leave, from England.
Dansterville, Lieutenant Colonel, Staff Corps, on sick leave, from England.
Ding, Lieutenant, Royal Horse Artillery, on route to join, from England

DEPARTURES.—MAY 21.

Jacob, Lieutenant, Royal Engineers, on duty, to Poona.
Skene, Lieutenant, 3rd Regiment B. N. I., on sick leave, to England (to-day.)
Goodfellow, Major, Royal Engineers, on duty, to Poona.
Vincent, Colonel, Staff Corps, on duty, to Poona.
Ding, Lieutenant, Royal Horse Artillery, on duty, to Peshawur.

SHIPPING.

DAILY FREIGHT REPORT—21ST MAY.

London ..	Cotton	£1 10s. 0d.	per to n
	Cases	£1 5s. 0d. to £1 7s. 6d.	,,
	Seeds	£1 0s. 0d. Nominal.	,,
	Iron Ships Cotton	£1 2s. 6d. to £1 5s. 0d.	,,
	Wooden Ships ,, ...	£0 17s. 6d. to £1 2s. 6d.	,,
Liverpool ..	Myrabolanes & Coir Bundles	£0 10s. 0d. to £0 12s. 6d.	,,
	Seeds	£0 10s. 0d. to £0 15s. 0d.	,,
Havre ...	Cotton	£1 0s. 0d. to £1 2s. 6d.	,,
	Coffee	£0 15s. 0d.	
Overland ..	Steamers	£4 0s. 0d.	
China ...	Steamer Cotton	Rs. 7 to 8	per bale.
	Opium	Rs. 25 to 30	per chest.
	Sailing Ships	Rs. 3 to 4	per bale.
Calcutta ...	Salt	Rs. 3 to 3½	per ton.
Calcutta to Bombay		Rs. 12 and Clangos	Calcutta Port
Mauritius		8 annas nominal.	

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
21	Ellora (s)	Murray	Suez, May 8.
	M.S. Elphinstone(s).	Dopuy	Goa, May 18.
	General Havelock (s)	Robinson	Mandvie, May 18.
	Courrier de Bombay.	Heyne	Bordeaux, Jan. 10.

DEPARTURE.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
21	British Sovereign ...	Reed	Calcutta.

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—
Ship Dilbhur, Miller, to Manilla.
Ship Royal Sovereign, Curphy, to Batavia.
Ship City of Liverpool, Whiteford, to Callao.
Ship Kurrachee, Gilmore, to Amsterdam.
Ship Cashmere, Tobin, to Liverpool.
Ship Glencova, Aberdin, to Liverpool.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Orissa, to China.
Steamer General Havelock, to Malabar Coast.

REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.

BUSHIRE, 21st, 8 A.M.—Mail steamer "Euphrates" and steamer "Mula" from Busreh arrived.

MADRAS, 21st, 8 A.M.—Mail steamer "Simla" sailed to Calcutta at 7-35 A.M.

JASK, 21st, 5-32 P.M.—H. M.'s steamer "Earl Canning" leaving for Gwadur.

KURRACHEE, 21st, 6-45 P.M.—Steamer "Cashmere," with Gulf mails, sailed for Gwadur at 1 P.M.

MADRAS.

Galle.
Rangoon.
Melbourne.
Gopaulpore.
Calcutta.
Suez.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

& Co.
RE.
Co.
Co.

1049 Bayard, Jackson—W. Nicol & Co.
1419 Bayard, Jackson—W. Nicol & Co.
1376 B. Ambaidass, McJones—John Farrar & Co.
1179 Botanist, Edger—R. Steuart & Co.
1320 British Peer, Davis—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
1120 Carlisle, Brown—Rennie, Scovell & Co.
1149 Cherwell, Hawes—E. Bates & Co.
893 Childers, Williamson—W. Nicol & Co.
989 City of Lahore, Stewart—W. Nicol & Co.
2321 Edinburgh, Logan—Edward Bates & Co.
1276 Erato, Fletcher—W. Nicol & Co.
1260 Longwood, Hiscock—Volkart Brothers.
1180 Oberon, Towill—Stenhouse & Co.
987 Omalus, Ballard—H. B. Touche & Co.
1183 Pegasus, Cornwell—Sir C. Forbes & Co.
1243 Quorn, Rice—Lawrence & Co.
1209 Rathfern, Mitchell—W. Nicol & Co.
1265 Royal Adelaide, Jeffery—L. A. and A. Co.
1268 Sapphire, Leidere—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
1110 Schleswig Bride, Banson—Finlay, Clark & Co.
850 Steve Bloom, Lonck—Bell, Ventz & Lucius.
1039 St. Fillans, Nelson—Remington & Co.
1115 Tivoli, Loutill—W. Nicol & Co.
1244 Vicksburg, Strachan—W. Nicol & Co.
1200 Weathersfield, Richardson—Remington & Co.

FOR HAVRE.

1092 Emmenides, Tramar—Rennie, Scovell, & Co.
1112 Ireshope, Ramsay—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.

FOR MAURITIUS, &c.

1180 Royal Alfred, Whiting—G. F. Pim & Co.

FOR TUTICORIN.

813 City of Dublin, Waugh—Finlay, Clark & Co.

FOR RANGOON.

735 Mongyne, Jenkins—Sir C. Forbes & Co.

FOR TUTICORIN AND MADRAS.

588 William Stewart, Cock.

FOR CALCUTTA.

1789 Arracan, Strick—Bell, Ventz & Lucius.
1151 Corra Linn, Lamont—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
375 Gauloise, Mony—Blackwell & Co.
1217 Oneida, Spurr—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
1257 Sattara (s), Berts—R. I. S. N. Co.
1190 Seaforth, Woodward—Stenhouse & Co.
999 Sophia Joakim, Singen—W. Nicol & Co.

FOR SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

2179 Columbian (s), Hyde—P. & O. Co.
404 Eek, Nobb—The Captain.

FOR SINGAPORE.

1043 Springfield, Dwight—Farnham & Co.

SINGAPORE & BANGKOK.

523 Stag, Ellis—W. Nicol & Co.

FOR BANGKOK.

375 Castle, Nistol.
563 Fair Allum, Kneen—Abdool K. A. Raymon.
576 Hera, Foe.
475 Knsrovic, Machon.
486 Pehlwan, Boyd—Moola Abdool Cadur.

FOR CALLAO.

1180 Belle Isle, Fenwick—King & Co.
1283 Palmas, Card—Ritchie, Steuart, & Co.
1572 Woburn Abbey, Mitchell—W. Cooper.

FOR ADEN & SUEZ.

1874 Baroda (s), Parish—Mails 25th May.
2010 China (s), Mails 1st June.
1201 Gunga (s), Child—B. & B. S. S. Co.
2201 Sumatra (s), White, (22nd May.)

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

810 Futtay Sultan, Grasig—H. J. Noor Mahomed.
897 Koina (s), Colliver. —Shaik Essa B. Khalifa.
863 Prince of Wales,

FOR CHITTAGONG.

543 Viscount Sandon, Nacoda—H. J. N. Mahomed.

FOR JAVA.

836 A. M. E., Whitehill—W. Nicol & Co.
998 Glenduror, Warland—Volkart Brothers.
1398 Royal Arthur, Hingston—Lawrence & Co.
1388 Royal Sovereign—W. Cooper.

FOR KURRACHEE.

742 Maharatta (s), Scott—B. I. S. N. Co.

FALMOUTH FOR ORDERS.

1319 Indus, Hick—P. & O. Co.

NOT FIXED.

139 Beatrice, Nacoda.
1189 Bombay (s), Baker—P. & O. Co.
569 Bombay Castle (s), Kingcome—A. Hubbibhoy.
1413 British Empire, Owen—Owen & Okell.
965 Cameo, Bulford—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
453 Comorin (s), Turner—B. I. S. N. Co.
462 Courrier de Bombay.
1224 Curlew, Humphry—H. B. Touche & Co.
1459 Dacca (s), Hutchinson—B. I. S. N. Co.
843 Ellen, Hunter—W. Nicol & Co.
1574 Ellora (s), Murray—P. & O. Co.
390 Fathe Rahimon, Nocoda.
481 Fathel Barry, Nacoda.
569 Futtel Manon, Nacoda.
1324 French Empire, Clark—W. Nicol & Co.
1560 Futtel Manon, Nacoda.
1186 Gutzmann, Cumming—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
1224 Hartfell, Courtney—Ritchie, Steuart, & Co.
1549 Henry Fernie, Barnsley—W. Cooper.
1241 Her Majesty, Downie—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
489 Hermione—Finlay, Clark & Co.
1034 Ivanhoe, Robertson—Timmins, Wormald & Co.
1112 Koosia Moosia, Pike—W. Nicol & Co.
604 Mary Ann—N. J. Abrahams.
588 Mary Scott, Wilson.
437 Meera Hassain, Krolsteidt.
1175 Millwall, Smith—Stenhouse & Co.
1249 Mirella, White—Coupland & Co.
1269 Oriflamme, Dougall—Ritchie, Steuart & Co
1046 Orissa (s), Anderson—P. & O. Co.
1161 Ouangandy, Ainslie—Sir C. Forbes & Co.
1088 Peckforton Castle, Guthrie—Coupland & Co.
1230 Richard Rylander—Thirkell.
1199 Robert Lees, Wilkins—Finlay, Scott & Co.
1491 Saisette (s), Parish—P. & O. Co.
665 Star of the South, Smith—J. Crapbell & Co.
214 Sylvia, Peterson—Wallace & Co.
455 Tilly (s), Platts.
1199 Victory, Davies—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

Statement of Traffic Week ending 16th May, 1869.

Open 874 Miles.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Coaching	68,314	1	2
Merchandize	2,32,927	10	3
Electric Telegraph	1,726	11	0
Earth Trains	4,288	0	0
Total Rs.....	3,06,656	6	5
Corresponding week last year open 873½ Miles ..... Total Rs.....	3,78,550	0	1
Decrease.....	71,893	9	8

POSTAL NOTICES.

CHINA MAILS.

The Post Office Packets for Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, and Hongkong, per P. & O. Company's steamer, will be closed on FRIDAY, the 28th May, at 9 A.M. A packet for late letters will be kept open on payment of the usual fee until 10 A.M. Registered letters will be received until 6 P.M. of the previous day.

Friday	May 28	Friday	July 9
,, ...	June 11	,, ...	23
,, ...	June 25	,, ...	Aug. 6

AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

The Post Office Packet for Australia, per P. & O. steamers will be closed at 9 A.M. on the following dates; the regulations regarding late and registered letters being the same as those for the China Mail

Friday	June 11	Friday	Sept. 3
,, ...	July 9	,, ...	Oct. 1
,, ...	Aug. 6	,, ...	,, 29

MAILS FOR MAURITIUS, THE CAPE, &c.

The Government of Mauritius having terminated their Contract with the Union Steam Ship Company for the conveyance of Mails between Ceylon and Mauritius, and between Mauritius and Natal, letters, &c., for Mauritius will, in future, be forwarded via Aden, to be thence conveyed by the French Mail Packets leaving Aden on the 23rd of every month.

As the communication with the Cape of Good Hope and Natal is also thus cut off, all correspondence, addressed to those Colonies, will under instructions be sent in the Mail for London.

MAIL BETWEEN CALCUTTA, THE STRAITS, AND HONGKONG.

Under arrangements made with the owners of the Opium Steamers, which will ply monthly between Calcutta, the Straits, and Hongkong, these Steamers will in future be closed as Indian Mail Packet, and that Letters, Newspapers, and Packets of Newspapers, Books, or Patterns will be forwarded by them from Calcutta for the Straits and Hongkong under the same conditions, and at the same rates, as similar articles forwarded by British Mail Packets [Peninsular and Oriental Company]. This arrangement will commence with the first Opium Steamer which leaves Calcutta in April.

These Steamers leave Calcutta about 12 days more or less after each Government Opium Sale; the advertised dates of the Opium Sales for the current year (1869) being as follows :—

June 7th.	September 9th.
July 7th.	October 4th.
August 9th.	November 8th.
	December 8th.

Mails for the United States of America, via Hongkong, can be forwarded by these Steamers at the same rates and under the same conditions as by British Packets.

The Opium Steamers proceed from Calcutta direct to the Straits and thence to Hongkong, and the time of transit from Calcutta to Hongkong is only about 15 days, that is about 7 days less than the time taken by the British Packets [Peninsular and Oriental Company], which proceed by the more circuitous route of Madras and Galle.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS ONE RUPEE, AND THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS.

TREVOR—May 20th, at Poona, the wife of Arthur C. Trevor, Esq., Civil Service, of a daughter.

WOOD—May 20th, at 90, Malabar Hill, the wife of Thomas W. Wood, Esq., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

GRAHAM—KING—May 19th, at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev. E. H. DuBois, Mr. Henry Willis Graham, son of Mr. Thomas Graham, to Miss Elizabeth Thomasina King, youngest daughter of Mr. John King, of the Secretariat.

SHEPHERD—BUTTERWORTH—May 20th, at Christ Church, Byculla, by the Rev. Charles Gilder, James Shepherd, of Bombay, to Mary Anne, eldest daughter of Henry Butterworth, Esq., Nunhead Grove, London.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

BIRTH.

BARTON—May 17th, at Cawnpore, the wife of W. M. Barton, E. I. R., of a son.

DEATH.

MUMFORD—May 15th, at Allahabad, of Apoplexy, George Henry Mumford, aged 31 years 10 months and 15 days.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1869.

A NEW source of annoyance for Overland passengers on their way home has been created by the anxiety of the Government of India to satisfy the demand made by the Cholera Conference at Constantinople, that more effectual measures should be taken to prevent the spread of infection by ships coming from India. An order was issued last year by the Government that the Custom House officers at the principal Indian ports should add to the port clearance of every sea-going ship a bill of health showing whether or not there was any contagious disease prevalent in the town at the time of the ship's departure. In Bombay the Custom House officials carry out this order in the case of the English mail steamers by merely endorsing on the back of the port clearance a copy of the Health Officer's mortality returns for the week. When the *Behar* reached Suez a fortnight ago, after a very quick passage, and showed the chief of the Suez Quarantine Department one of these endorsed port clearances, in addition to the usual bill of health from the Port Doctor of Bombay, the Egyptian at once exclaimed, on reading Dr. Lumsdaine's tables—"So many cases of deaths "from cholera in one week, and yet you have a "clean bill of health! These documents are "contradictory of one another." Protests and upbraidings were of no avail; the Egyptian remained obstinate, a quarantine officer was put on board, and the passengers were not allowed to leave the ship till late in the evening (the *Behar* having anchored at 5 in the morning)—and then only on receipt of a telegram from Alexandria ordering their release. It is obvious that this difficulty may arise with every mail steamer, as there are always a number of cases of what is called cholera in Bombay; and, either Dr. Lumsdaine ought to distinguish carefully in his bills of mortality between sporadic and epidemic cholera, or the Custom House people should be compelled to add a note to the tables stating that there is no epidemic cholera in Bombay.

WHEN are we Anglo-Indians to be blessed with a reduction of domestic prices? For a long time past we have been listening, and (whether believing it or no) admitting the plea that an increasing competition of buyers has made everything dearer; when are we to learn that competition of sellers has made at least some things cheaper? We go on giving more every year on the one side, for matters which used to be infinitely cheaper—such as house rent, firewood, bread, meat, vegetables, servants, horses, horse food, and so forth, while on the other scarcely any appreciable, and what should have been a balancing reduction, has taken or is taking place in the matter of what in bazaar parlance are called "Europe articles." We pay now for a suit of clothes, a pair of gloves, a dozen of wine or beer, a ham, or a cheese, and for such little matters as razors, perfumes (what the advertisements call "toilette requisites" generally), watch glasses, penknives, pencil cases books, note paper, hats, umbrellas, whips, topees, instruments, preserved fruits, music, pens, clocks, guns, ammunition, engravings, cooking intensils, claret and ice pegs, and plated ware generally, ice boxes, pipes, toys, spectacles, field glasses, walking sticks—the list might be prolonged over half a column—just as we used to pay when the trouble, time, and risk of sending them out by the Cape were four times greater than they are now. The fault of course is mainly that of each individual Anglo-Indian consumer. So long as we do not make any stand against such preposterous prices as we are now indolently paying, without wasting a thought upon their unconscionable extravagance, so long, we may rest assured, will they maintain themselves. It stands to reason that they should do so. There are many reasons why competition in this country finds it very difficult to establish itself. Monopolies always contend against competing assailants at a great advantage; and in India the conditions of those advantages are greatly enhanced by local circumstances. In the first place the community is not large, and is apt to become attached to its long established caterers; is prone, moreover, to be slow in crediting the solvency of new concerns, and to be intolerant of that absence of organization which older businesses enjoy. Old established Indian shops are usually so thoroughly *en rapport* with their various agencies, that they are enabled to promise readily, and to obtain promptly, any manner of article which their customers may require. A newly established shop cannot at once open up, and work smoothly along, the grooves of a wide connection with the various European markets; and to "get into wind" as it were it is compelled to demand the utmost indulgence of its patrons for shortcomings and want of prompt certainty in executing commissions; but which indulgence, however, a self-indulgent Anglo-Indian community is very apt impatiently to withhold. The custom is to consider rupees as shillings, and to set the satisfaction of promptly getting what one wants above the consideration that it is extravagantly priced, and might, by the exercise of a little contriving, have been got for something very like half. How many things are there which, by getting them direct from England, would after every carriage payment had been made, effect an average reduction of something like thirty per cent. upon the local charges. And yet, how many of us take the trouble to do so. It is, we say, such a nuisance, it entails letter writing and calculations, and the procuring of Bills of Exchange, and the bother of passing the goods through the Custom House; and then they are very often all wrong when we have got them, either being what we don't want, or too many, or too few in quantity, or very likely bad in quality; and so on, and so on. Yet supposing that we take two articles at random, and consider the matter from this point of view, say wine and gloves—both expensive luxuries everywhere, and yet both being matters of great and almost universal consumption. Now, by sending to a wholesale glover in London, or Paris, and ordering, say, a couple of dozen pairs, sufficient if one be a family man to last oneself, one's wife, and one's daughter for a considerable period, one would get them probably at someting under three shillings a pair, certainly not much over. Well, say three shillings a pair, which for the two dozen would amount to seventy-two shillings, *i. e.* Rs. 36, or, for convenience, say Rs. 40. Add Rs. 2 at a venture, for pattern postage; and we get two dozen pairs of gloves, of the best quality, for Rs. 42; estimating liberally. Now the conventional exaction for a pair of gloves in this country is Rs. 3. Therefore, two dozen pairs at Rs. 3 per pair=Rs. 72. But many of the best Anglo-Indian shops (by way, as is alleged, of covering the risk of deterioration) charge Rs. 3-8 per pair. This would add Rs. 12 to the above estimate, making two dozen pairs=Rs. 84. Thus, in the one case, one pays Rs. 30 (*i. e.* Rs. 15 per dozen or to Rs. 1-4 per single pair) over the price for which one could easily procure them *direct* from Europe; and in the other, just *double* that price. This calculation, which we have made, as we have said, very liberally, and which defies contradiction, needs no comment.

Then take wine. This is a question which is so wide in its scope, that a descent into figures would be dangerously seductive; and would lead us to overstep the limits of our space. But we will indicate our meaning very simply by an example, for the authenticity of which we can vouch. A gentleman last year ordered from a well known firm in Dublin a supply of the very best champagne quoted in their circular. It was despatched to him. In due course it arrived in Bombay, and reached its ultimate consignee, in a hot season camp, pitched on the top of the Mahableshwur range of Ghats. Now this wine (which was afterwards "sat upon" by the committee of a certain Club, and pronounced to be superior to anything its godowns could supply) after adding on the cost of commission, freightage, insurance, cost of Bill of Exchange, cooly hire, and Indian railway carriage, and then a second cooly hire, stood him in Rs. 10 less per dozen than the same class of wine would have done if ordered from a local merchant. Again, we say, this fact speaks for itself. The truth of the matter is—as was very clearly pointed out by the *Madras Mail* a few days ago—we Anglo-Indians extend a most foolish and ruinous indulgence to the theory that a rupee in India is the equivalent of a shilling in England. The idea is false and mischievous; and begets an extravagance of expenditure which goes far to explain the great difficulty which one experiences now-a-days, to lay by anything like a decent proportion of one's income. A shilling at the outside, in the vast majority of articles, should not be coupled with any sum higher than eleven annas. In many things eight annas is, in reality, its full equivalent; and we believe that, in not fifteen per cent. of what are known as "Europe articles," is the ridiculous assertion that the shilling in India means a rupee, sustainable. We repeat, that we do not blame the dealers. So long as Anglo-Indian indolence, and almost snobbish lavishness, enables them to extract from their customers a profit of from 70 to 200 per cent, so long have they a perfect right to do so. It is, in no degree, dishonest to price a thing at the highest obtainable figure, so long as it be not represented to be the thing which it is *not*. Anglo-Indian tradesmen, to their credit be it spoken, are as a rule conspicuously faultless in this respect. Their supplies are usually unassailable in point of quality, and if they choose to say—Here is an article which at home would cost you six pence, for which my charge is twelve annas, or a rupee, the fault is not theirs, but the assenting purchaser's. We Anglo-Indians thus spend about seventeen per cent of our incomes annually in excess of that which we need to spend. We all know it; all growl over it; and all do it. We declare the burden to be almost greater than we can bear, and yet all the while the remedy lies in our own hands. We all exclaim privately against the fact that a shilling article in England is charged two shillings in India; and yet we go on paying 100 per cent. in advance of a price which we know yields a good retail profit at home, and to the trade cost of the *wholesale* home price of which the Indian retailer has only to add a trifling commission, and the cost of freightage—the two together not probably in any case amounting to a fourth of his superadded 100 *per cent.*

IN reference to the Brindisi route it was stated in the Italian Senate some days before the mail left that a through train between Susa and Brindisi would be established next month, but that no arrangements would be made for forwarding the Indian Mails by the line until the completion of the Mont Cenis tunnel.

THE Hon'ble Mr. H. Sumner Maine, we are in a position to inform our readers, positively leaves India for good, via Bombay, on the 9th October next. Speculation is rife as to who will be the hon'ble and learned gentleman's successor in the Indian Council; but no selection has yet been made, and the Duke of Argyll has still close on six months before him to decide whom he will send out,—unless in the meantime one is furnished from Serampore.—*Indian Daily News*, May 18.

WELL-INFORMED rumour has it that notwithstanding all that may be or has been urged in its justification, the branch of the Bank of Bengal at Bombay will have to be closed. It is almost certain that Sir Charles Jackson and his colleagues in the Bank Commission have reported unfavorably as regards the continuance of the branch, and to the purport that its existence is substantially an infraction of the equitable rights of the Bank of Bombay, and an aggression on the territory of that institution. In short, the belief in well-informed quarters is that the Government of India will endeavour to induce the Bengal Bank Directorate to withdraw the branch, as it were, of their own accord, and that in case of the Directorate declining to do so, other measures will be resorted to.—*Id.*

WE ("Bell's Life") hear on good authority that in consequence of a recent act of the Jockey Club, the Duke of Hamilton intends to race no more in England, and that his horses in training &c., will be brought to the hammer without reserve or delay. This step on the part of his Grace will be much regretted, as we can ill afford to lose the patronage of a nobleman who kept a large stud in such excellent fashion.

THE Accountant-General of Bengal estimates the proportion of expenditure to be contributed by the State to the working of the Contagious Diseases' Act at Rs. 89,406. This sum was to have been entered in the supplementary budget for the Bengal Presidency for 1869-70, but as the estimate has been received too late, the expenditure will be met from the year's savings.—*Indian Daily News*, May 18.

WE hear from Simla that the great annual fair or *mêla* at Mahassoo was to come off on the 11th instant, and promised to be an unusually brilliant and numerous gathering. The Commander-in-Chief, who is temporarily residing at Mahassoo in the fine house belonging to Lord William Hay, was to give a pic-nic on the 12th instant, at which the Earl and Countess of Mayo were to be present, their Excellencies leaving Simla on the 11th instant and returning next day. Mahassoo is seven miles to the east of Simla, and the *mêla*, which is one of great note and celebrity with the hill people, lasts three days.—*Id.*

THE Maharajah of Jeypore arrived in Simla on the 10th instant, receiving the salute of artillery due to his rank. His Highness has lately been under the professional care of Dr. Macnamara for an affection of the eyes, and it is in obedience to the advice of that most able oculist and physician that he has sought change of climate at Simla. His Highness was desirous of retaining Dr. Macnamara's services for good, and would have assured the doctor a large annual revenue; but we need scarcely say, the arrangement could not be.—*Id.*

CAPTAIN A. SEAGRIM, Staff Corps, has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Judge Advocate General at Meerut, vice Colonel Brownlow, on leave.—*Pioneer*, May 19.

THE bridge of boats over the Jhelum, near Pind Dadun Khan, has been broken up; also the bridge of boats over the Chenab at Wuzeerabad. Ferry-boats have been substituted.—*Id.*

MAJOR HUGHES' Rifled Mountain Battery of R. A. is hutted at Murree for the present, and was inspected lately by Major General Haly, C. B., Commanding the Jhelum Division.—*Delhi Gazette*, May 18.

A GENERAL Court Martial is ordered to assemble at Rawul Pindee for the trial of Captain A. B. Chalmers, of the Bengal Army, on certain charges connected with the wife of a gunner of the R. H. A. and a consequent *fracas* between the Captain and the woman's husband.—*Id.*

WE are sorry to hear of another casualty in the person of a soldier of the 6th Regiment at the working party on the Murree and Abbottabad road, who was accidentally injured by the explosion of a mine, and who died some hours afterwards of internal injuries. Two or more natives have also experienced a similar fate on that part of the works known as the upper road, but such accidents are, as we observed before, to be expected under the circumstances, and we only note the occurrences to deplore them and deprecate censure of those concerned. —*Id.*

WE regret to announce the sudden death on Friday evening, from heat apoplexy, of Mr. Alexander Orr, solicitor. The deceased gentleman transacted business with some clients as usual on Friday, but towards evening complained of feeling unwell. Growing worse Dr. Mair was immediately sent for, and he took with him Dr. G. Smith; but their united efforts to relieve Mr. Orr were fruitless, and he died very soon afterwards. His remains were interred in St. Mary's Cemetery on Saturday evening.—*Madras Times*, May 17.

THE "Indian Church Gazette" says with reference to the Doveton College case, that what has been wanted in that institution is "love, love, love." This simplicity is more beautiful than Mr. Dick's. He appealed to the boys' "spirit of truthfulness, and love of their school;" made them take an oath in his "presence as in God's presence;" and read a chapter of the Bible in order to soften their hearts: but the "Church Gazette" says—and we recommend the suggestion to the Committee who may be looking out for a master—"Love, love, love the boys for the sake of their sins!"—*Indian Daily News*, May 18.

THE apprehended cyclone has kept at a respectable distance from Calcutta. There was violent atmospheric agitation in the vicinity; towards night, the gusts, veering from N. E. to N. by W., blew stronger; but the cyclone passed to the eastward of Calcutta. The barometer at 4 P.M. on Sunday stood at 29·35, and at Saugor at 29·21, the velocity of the wind at that island having been registered at 61 miles.—*Id.*

THERE was a serious collision on Saturday afternoon between the police force stationed at Colootollah and the masters and boys of the Colootollah branch school, the inhabitants in the vicinity supporting the latter. When the police dispersed their assailants, further excitement was caused by the former entering the houses in the locality indiscriminately to arrest those who had tried to escape. The case will probably be heard at the Police Court to-day.—*Id.*

A MAHRATTA girl, while drawing water from a well in the city, on Wednesday last, accidentally tumbled in and was drowned. Assistance was immediately at hand, but before the poor girl could be taken out of the well, life was extinct.—*Deccan Herald*, May 21.

THE Durbar usually held on the occasion of Her Majesty the Queen's birth-day, will take place on Monday, the 24th instant, at the Sungum Court House. Our newly appointed Judge, Mr. White, has, we learn, sent invitations to the native nobility of the Deccan, requesting their attendance on the occasion.—*Id.*

IT will be fresh in the memory of our readers that an attempt at murder was committed on the person of an ayah in the service of Captain Anderson, Brigade Major, at her master's bungalow on the night of the 30th of October last, by a convict named Shaik Abbas wullud Shaik Lall, who was allowed out of the jail by the head warder, then on duty by name Shaik Meeha wullud Dawood in order to commit the crime. These prisoners were tried before Mr. W. H. Hunter, the then acting Session Judge of Poona, in November last, and were both sentenced to transportation for life. The prisoner Meeha wullud Dawood, having appealed to the High Court, on certain technical law points, the conviction and sentence was set aside by the Honorable Justices, and the Session Judge of Poona was ordered to retry the accused, before a fresh jury, on the former commitment. The case was brought at the present Sessions before Mr. R. White, the Session Judge of Poona. It occupied the Court seven days. On the 19th instant, the jury having again found the prisoner guilty under the same Sections 307 and 109, of the Indian Penal Code, he was again sentenced to transportation for life.—*Id.*

THE "Indian Church Gazette states" that Miss Burdett Coutts is said to have proposed to provide Jerusalem with an efficient system of water supply at her own cost. How strange that an English lady should be reviving the work which Solomon executed near 3,000 years ago!

WE are glad to learn that Mr. W. Furnivall, Chief Engineer, Baroda Railway, is at present in Delhi for the purpose of settling and marking out the first section of line, to the Sultanpore salt works, which, it is gratifying to know is, after all, likely to go via the Kootub. There can be no question about the advantages of this line, while the obstacles, if any really exist, are such as may be easily overcome. The rest of the "Railway Staff" are not yet in Delhi, but they are expected daily; and when they arrive, we suppose the work will be immediately proceeded with.—*Mofussilite*, May 18.

THE "Gwalior Gazette" says that a well of fresh spring water has been discovered on the borders of Swat, the water of which appears quite clear to the eye, but when touched with the hand resembles clotted blood! It is good for something, however for the bite of white ants it is said to be most beneficial.

THE RAJPOOTANA AGENCY.

THE Government of India has lately had under its consideration, and has generally approved of a scheme submitted by Colonel Keatinge for the better administration of affairs in the Rajpootana Agency. One of the chief defects in the existing system is the want of proper provision for exercising a direct and effective control over the proceedings of some of the States. At each of the more important Courts, as is well known, a Political Agent resides, whose presence often acts as a wholesome check or stimulus on the Durbar; but the minor chiefs, as a rule, are left without any more effectual supervision than what the Governor-General's Agent himself can exercise in the intervals of his other duties, or by occasional visits during the cold season, and the result has been that, in more than one instance, the Chiefs have profited by their position, and have countenanced outrages or aggressions which would never have occurred if a responsible officer had been stationed on the spot or in the neighbourhood.

To remedy this state of things, and also to ensure for the Maharajah of Bhurtpore, who must shortly be invested with the direct government of his principality, the continued support of a British officer in case of need, the following redistribution of the States of Rajpootana has been made amongst the several Political Agents :—

1st.—Jeysulmere has been placed under the Political Agent at Jodhpore.

2nd.—Bikaneer, under the control of the assistant permanently stationed at Soojangurh.

3rd.—Kishengurh, under the Political Agent at Jeypore.

4th.—Tonk and Shahpoora, under the Political Agent at Kotah (Harowtee).

5th.—Alwar, Bhurtpore, Dholepore and Kerowlee have been formed into one agency to be designated "the agency for the Eastern States of Rajpootana."

The first four changes will cost nothing, but the fifth will involve a charge, in round numbers, of Rs. 30,000 on the Imperial Treasury; and this has been recommended to the Financial Department.

A STRANGE CASE.

A STRANGE case, more romantic than those usually disposed of by Indian Judges, has been heard by the Allahabad High Court in its Divorce and Matrimonial jurisdiction. The plaintiff, Mrs. Kelly, who sought for restitution of conjugal rights, but subsequently for a judicial separation, with alimony, said that the respondent had married her in Ireland in 1855, and, after three weeks, had abandoned her, leaving no trace behind him. About fourteen years after she heard of him in this country, but when she arrived here, he would have nothing to say to her. Mr. Kelly, the respondent, said that he had first become acquainted with the petitioner at an inn, in the county of Roscommon, of which her brother was the keeper. Shortly after he moved to another neighbourhood, when her brother told him that there were very scandalous reports abroad respecting his sister, and that he should do something to clear the girl's character. He succeeded in satisfying the brother that there was no foundation for the reports; but the girl's father and her friends would not be satisfied, and, eventually at the peril of his life, compelled him to proceed to church, and go through the marriage ceremony with her. They then kept him locked up with her for a week, but he eventually escaped, and came away to India. The arguments turned on both sides, as to proof of marriage, and the Court postponed the case for six months, awarding for the time Rs. 30 a month alimony to the wife.—*Indian Daily News, May* 18.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

[PER REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, 9TH MAY, AFT.

The Liverpool Cotton Market to-day quiet.
Fair Dhollera 9¾d.

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL LETTER.

(SPECIAL FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.")

LONDON, 30TH APRIL.

THE defalcations of the illustrious Benjamin Hig

venom by advising the House, if the Government did not state what they were prepared to propose with respect to the land, to postpone the consideration of the Irish Church Bill until the Ministry had either brought forward the whole of their measures for the pacification of Ireland, or had at least announced that they had made up their mind what their policy was to be. This speech was of course hailed with rapture by the Conservative Peers too glad to get an ally from any quarter to be very particular as to his motives. But the animus is clear enough. The Lords are angry, not at the Irish land question being shelved, but at the Irish Church Bill which they have to face. Many of them are mad enough and blind enough to follow Lord Westbury's advice, but the majority know better than to take a course which would be hailed with delight by none but the bitterest enemies of their order.

To swell the Ministerial majority in the Commons two seats have been gained since my last, Brecon, where Lord Hyde (Lord Clarendon's son) defeated Lord Claude Hamilton, and Bewdley, where Major Anson has unseated a Conservative on petition and gained the seat with costs.

Senator Sumner's portentous speech in the American Senate against the *Alabama* claims convention has reached us. He estimates the *real* claim which the United States have against England for aid and countenance to the rebels at four hundred millions sterling! This is of course independent of such trifles as a public apology from us for our recognition of the Conservatives as belligerents.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—FRIDAY, 30TH APRIL.

(SPECIAL REPORT FOR THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

THE Speaker took the chair at 4 o'clock.

In reply to Lord H. Thyme,

The Attorney General said he was in hopes that the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the existence of corrupt practices in Norwich, Bridgewater, Beverly, Dublin, Cashel, &c., would commence their labours as soon as possible; but before doing so it would be necessary to obtain the concurrence of the House of Lords in a message to the Crown for the appointment of the Commission.

Mr. Gladstone, in moving certain formal resolutions to enable the House to consider the Irish Church Bill at a morning sitting on Tuesday, appealed to Mr. Graves to postpone a notice of his intention to call attention to recent events in Ireland. He presumed the honourable gentleman intended to comment upon the outrages which unhappily had recently occurred in Ireland. The Government were in communication with the Executive Government in Ireland, with a view to strengthen the operation of the law for the repression or prevention of outrage in that country, and it would be quite impossible for the Government to enter upon a discussion of the subject until they had had the opportunity of bringing these communications to a close. He might add that he hoped in the course of a very few days to be able to announce the intentions of Government, and he should be glad to give facilities for the expression of the judgment of the House upon them. Another circumstance which had attracted attention and strong feeling in the House was the telegraphic report which appeared yesterday of the declarations made by the chief municipal authority of Cork, the second city in Ireland. The expressions alleged to have been used by the Mayor of Cork at once attracted the attention of the Government, and they had adopted the best means in their power to arrive at the true state of the facts. The meeting presided over by the Mayor was not in the ordinary sense a public one, and was only attended by a limited number of persons. He was not in a condition to say at present whether the words attributed to the Mayor were really used or not, but the Government had put in action every means in their power for the purpose of ascertaining whether they had been used. If it should turn out that the language was used, then he should be in a condition to announce the intentions of the Government as to the steps they intended to take in the matter. That being the case, Mr. Graves would see that it was not in their power to enter into a discussion until they had consulted fully with the Executive Government in Ireland. The honourable gentleman would therefore consult the convenience of the House if he would postpone his motion.

After some remarks from Mr. Newdegate, Mr. Headlam, and Mr. Bouverie,

Sir R. Peel asked the Government if they had received from the Mayor of Cork a notification that his remarks had been inaccurately rendered.

Mr. C. Fortescue stated that no such notification had been made, but a telegram had been received from the Municipal Council of Cork to the following effect:—"Pending legal investigations on the part of the Government, the feeling of the Council is that no steps should be taken in the case of the Mayor. The feeling of the Council is against the Mayor."

The Speaker here pointed out that the debate on a motion upon an entirely different subject was irregular.

Mr. Gladstone's resolution was then agreed to.

On the order of the day for going into Committee of Supply,

Mr. Graves, in rising to call attention to recent events in Ireland, expressed his regret at being unable to postpone the question, but as a discussion on the same subject was likely to take place in another House, no advantage could be derived from deferring its consideration. It could not be denied that at the present moment lawlessness, insecurity, and sedition were extending themselves through the whole country unchecked or at least undetected, which, if allowed to go on unrestrained, might possibly lead to consequences of a very disastrous character. It was true that the crime of murder was confined at present to two counties in Ireland, but there was no security that it would not extend, because each day the category of crime was swelling and becoming darker and darker. Alluding to the treasonable and seditious language of the Mayor of Cork, he expressed regret that the released prisoners in whose honour the banquet had been given should be allowed to arrive in America without being accompanied by a notification, that the law had been vindicated by the dismissal or indictment of the Mayor. He believed that the conduct of the Fenians in Ireland must be a source of bitter disappointment to the Government, who with honest intentions were endeavouring to remove what they conceived to be an injustice to Ireland, but the truth was that the land question and not the church was at the root of the disorganized state of Ireland at the present moment, and it was the primary one that should have been dealt with. Adverting to the speeches of Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Bright, and Mr. Bruce in the autumn, he urged that they held out expectations of changes of an organic nature which could never be realized. It was to the unfulfilment of those expectations that the present serious state of affairs in Ireland was owing, and he was afraid that there would be very little improvement unless these expectations were in some way met. He asked the Government to state their views as to the condition of Ireland, and if possible to state so much of their policy as would give some assurance to those who resided in Ireland and to the general public that steps would be taken for the protection of life.

Mr. C. Fortescue said he did not undervalue the importance of the subject, and the seriousness of the state of agrarian crime which now prevailed in certain districts in Ireland, but he did not believe that the picture which the honourable member for Liverpool had drawn of the state of the country generally was accurate. The outrages which unhappily had occurred had hitherto been confined to the counties of Tipperary and Westmeath, and they had already commenced before the present Government entered upon office. The allegation that the speeches delivered in the autumn by certain leading politicians on the Liberal side of the House had had anything to do with the present state of affairs in Ireland was altogether opposed to the facts and was incapable of proof. The whole question of the condition of Ireland was now under the careful consideration of the Government, and although he could not state what measures were in contemplation, both with regard to agrarian outrages and the conduct of the Mayor of Cork, the House might rest assured that everything necessary to be done would be done.

TELEGRAPH LINE REPORTS.

KURRACHEE, 21st, 11-19 A.M.—Cable right to Fao; Turkish line right to Constantinople; and Persian line; interrupted beyond Ispahan. Latest dates from Great Britain, via Turkey, 19th May, via Russia 4th May.

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAM.

The following dates of private telegrams were received at the Bombay Telegraph Office during the 24 hours ending at 8 o'clock yesterday evening:

From United Kingdom, via Turkey, 11th, 12th, 13th and 14th May.

From Continent of Europe, via Turkey, 10th, 12th, and 14th May.

The time occurred in the transmission of messages to Bombay from 8 P.M. of the 20th to 8 P.M. of the 21st is as follows:—

To Bombay	Max.	Min.
From Kurrachee	11 0	3
" Calcutta	9 34	2 52
" Madras	12 20	1 50

Communication between Bombay and Kurrachee perfect.

A WORK of considerable interest and extent might be written on the subject of Cosmetics, and the diversified modes of Personal Embellishment resorted to by various nations in different ages of the world. The singular, and often dissimilar tastes which have influenced mankind in this respect, would afford a volume no less amusing than instructive; but we will venture to affirm, that no preparations for the toilet, either of ancient or modern times, can vie in excellence with the admirable productions of Messrs. Rowland, whose invaluable Kalydor in particular—a cream-like balmy preparation—affords the most mild and safe, yet efficacious preservation, ever afforded for perpetuating the beauty of the skin, and the charms of youth and loveliness. In India, of all countries, its properties are most appreciated, as the great demand for it testifies. Purchasers are particularly warned not to allow spurious imitations to be palmed off on them, many of which are imported and sold by unprincipled shopkeepers. The genuine article may be obtained at most of the respectable Chemists and Storekeepers throughout India.

CORRESPONDENCE.

"B.," BELGAUM,—No. The new velocipede must be ordered from England.

DE PROFUNDIS.

[The following curious letter is genuine and we print it as received.]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you turn my life from being bitter to sweet? Will you, with a true Christian spirit, lend me your helping hand, struggling for life, as I am, on the uncertain wave? I am a Parsee, and your brother, if I were allowed so to call myself. In the happiness and comfort which a free contemplation of God can bestow; in the balmy fragrance of an unfettered religion; will you hear with unconcern the piteous cries of a discontented soul—a soul discontented with the world in which it lives—though a soul by no means disposed to a contempt of human nature. By sympathising with me, will you not alleviate my griefs; by your exertions, will you not try to extirpate them? Surely it is a labour of charity and love, and it requires no stimulation.

I hope that my appeal is not made in vain, that my words are not thrown to the winds, that the pathos of them is not insufficient to awaken you a little to my prayer.

Of all questions, the religious questions have been disputed with the greatest acrimony, and they are the most unsettled. When every topic fails, religion presents to man an inexhaustible mine for disputation. I know of nothing by which the human intellect can be sharpened better than on the whet-stone of religious controversy. Yet it is not in this spirit that I am starting the question about my own religion. For believe me, sir, nothing could induce me to expose the weakness of the Parsee religion *as it is*, but the sincere love which I bear to the preservation of myself and of my community.

Among the Parsees there are two divisions, both displaying strong and visible marks of religious discrepancy. The one, and by far the more numerous, is the religious conservative; the other, the modern reformer. Any other similarity between these, except that of dress and language, will be sought after in vain. The fire-temple is the favourite place of worship of the former, where prayers are uttered in an inexplicable jargon. The sun, the moon, the stars, the sea are all objects of worship to them. But (so they say) these things are not worshipped in themselves, but as an emblem of the Deity. They are, so to speak, a substitute of God. This excuse has been so often brought, has been reiterated with so apparent a triumph, with so great vehemence, that I would rather have molten gold poured in my ear, than stoop to hear such a hackneyed thing once more. Surely no savage ever worshipped stone as stone. No depraved Hindoo ever worshipped his idols as so many heaps of clay. No human being ever worshipped any inanimate object but as an emblem of his Maker. That any human being could worship an inanimate object, without holding it an emblem of God, is an impossibility in the nature of things. But to worship God through an inanimate object is the very essence of idolatry, and idolatry is not anything else but this. If these conservative Parsees are not idolaters, there is no meaning or sense of the word *idolatry*. I have much to say upon the modern reformer, but (I fear) nothing in their favour, which I, with your permission, reserve for another opportunity. But in the meantime I ask you where am I to find that consolation which you so enjoy in an eminent degree; whether in the idolatry and binding ceremonies of the former, or in the stupidity, flimsiness, and whims of the latter.

May 21. C.

THE SUBORDINATE MEDICAL SERVICE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your daily contemporary has closed the discussion on the anticipated promotions in the subordinate medical service in a very singular manner by congratulating Mr. Anderson on a promotion which he has not yet obtained, and by declaring that promotion to be fully deserved.

Does the *Times of India* mean that the men whom it is supposed Mr. Anderson is to supersede are not deserving of promotion to the rank of Honorary Assistant Surgeon? At first it was in contemplation to promote Mr. Anderson over the heads of Messrs. McGuire, D'Souza, and George, on the plea that the former was a passed man while the latter were not. Colonel Malleson, however, demanded that promotion to the grades of Honorary Assistant Surgeon and Senior Apothecary should be conferred only upon passed men. To meet this demand, Messrs. McGuire, D'Souza, and George were afforded the opportunity of passing a medical examination, where it was found they were qualified equally with Mr. Anderson. The plea of qualification in favour of Mr. Anderson was thus dissipated, and it became necessary to find some other ground for his promotion over his seniors. A comparative list of the services of Messrs. McGuire and Anderson was then drawn up in order to show the superior claims of Mr. Anderson over one of the men intended to be superseded. To those who know the service I need scarcely say there is not the slightest difference between the services of the two men up to the time when they were each settled in their present appointments—McGuire on the Staff of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, and Anderson in the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital. Now, what is the real difference between the duties of these appointments? The former is a busy moving post, the incumbent representing "the rolling stone that gathers no moss." The latter also a busy post for a couple of hours in the morning, and one in which the incumbent finds no trouble in bringing "grist to his mill." Take the two posts for all in all, and it will be found that while McGuire would gladly change places with Anderson, Anderson would never think of changing places with McGuire. And this, be it observed, is too notorious a fact to require more than a passing remark. In short, the past services of McGuire have been shabbily paid for, while those of Anderson have been—directly and indirectly—handsomely rewarded. When the time comes for promotion, with what justice can McGuire be passed over?

But passing away from the injustice which would be done to McGuire by supersoding him, and since the medical authorities now claim promotion for Anderson on account of special services, let me take the services of D'Souza and compare them with those of Anderson. Be it observed that D'Souza is also to be superseded by Anderson. While Anderson has been performing garrison regimental duty and enjoying himself in the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital for the last 30 years, D'Souza has been performing arduous field service and covering the breast of his coat with war medals. He now wears four such decorations. Up to the present time the Government have always acknowledged the claims of field service. Will they ignore such service on the present occasion and allow D'Souza to be superseded by a man who has never served in the field? Worthless as is the comparison between the services of McGuire and Anderson, that between D'Souza and Anderson shows so strongly in favour of the former that I cannot believe His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will permit a profusely decorated medal-man to be superseded by one who never was entitled to the decoration, who holds no superior medical qualification, who at present occupies no more responsible position and performs no more arduous duties, and who is, moreover, a junior in the service. All the *special* distinction in this case, is, I repeat, vastly in favour of D'Souza.

And, again, in the case of George and Anderson. George has done long and good military service, and has held important civil independent medical charges. Wherever he has served, it has always been with applause. And long before Anderson was appointed to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, George was its Apothecary. There, too, under its almost new organisation he has done his duty ably. Any comparison of service between George and Anderson must tell in favour of the former, and he cannot be superseded without being made to feel himself degraded in the eyes of the whole service.

It too often happens that the services of men out of the Presidency are quite overlooked by the heads of departments. In Anderson's case the first false move was made of recommending him for promotion without for a moment considering the claims of other men. Burn and Anding were selected for promotion to the grade of Honorary Assistant Surgeons as deserving senior men, but I am sure both Burn and Anding will confess that McGuire, D'Souza, and George, are not less deserving than themselves.

I am no stickler for a seniority system—far otherwise. But if there must be a deviation from this system, let it be replaced by medical qualifications and by merit. Then we should have men promoted whose claims the whole service would be ready to admit, and whose advancement would be the watchword of progress. If a chow-chow system is to be the one selected in granting promotion to the grade of Honorary Assistant Surgeon, we shall have a rush for Presidency appointments by those who feel themselves specially endowed with the gift of suiting their views to "master's pleasure," a virtue more common than lonely.

I still cling to the hope that the three respectable, efficient, and deserving seniors, to whom I have so freely alluded, will not be superseded and degraded.

VERITAS.

"SQUEELING IN NURSIS ARMS."—An old woman was fined 2s. 6d. in Glasgow, lately for keeping a pig in her house. She said that the pig was only three weeks old, and she was nursing it when the police constable came upon her. (Laughter.)

BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS BY THE ENGLISH MAIL.—The P. and O Co.'s steamer *Sumatra*, Captain C. A. White, will sail to-day, for Aden and Suez, with the following passengers:—

For Southampton.—Mrs. Turner and three children, Mr. Watson, Mr. Witts, Mr. Kerney Mr. Woodward, Mrs. Neill and three children, Lieutenant C. M. D. Skene, Mr. Bentley, Ensign Mitford Cust, Mr. Hood, Mr. T. L. Pennock, Mr. W. R. Tuckerville, Mr. E. Gaff, Mr. John Sharow, Mr. G. Read, Mr. W. Elton, and Mr. T. Gilbert.

For Marseilles.—Mr. A. J. Macdonald, Mr. R. D. Alston, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond West and two children, Mr. Nugent, Mr. J. L. Fraser, Mr. De Soane, Lieutenant Hewitt, Mr. Stevens, and Captain Waring.

For Suez.—Mr. P. Heintz, Mr. Lucius, Mr. Raedberg, Mr. Hamilton Maxwell, Mr. Vix. Mr. G. Atkinson and Mr. Oldemeyer.

THE POOR BOX.—The Acting Chief Magistrate acknowledges receipt of Rs. 10 from Mr. Meghjee Bhanjee for the Fort Police poor box.

GIRGAUM POLICE BUILDING.—Colonel Kendall, Chief Engineer, Presidency Division, again inspected the Girgaum Police Court building yesterday morning.

MUNICIPAL OFFENCES.—The Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court was engaged the greater part of yesterday afternoon in disposing of Municipal cases.

MATHERAN.—Monday the 24th, being a general holiday, the additional passenger train from Kurjut to Bombay will run on Tuesday morning instead of on Monday.

AN IMPERTINENT BUGGYWALLAH.—In the Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Connon, buggywallah No. 61 was fined Rs. 5, for refusing his legal fare from the Rev. W. Brown Keer.

TRINITY CHURCH.—Collections will be made in Trinity Church, Sonapore, at both the services to-morrow, in aid of the Repair and Improvement Fund. The work has been completed at an outlay of Rs. 1,600, of which Rs. 700 have been received in church collections and subscriptions, leaving a balance of Rs. 900 to be cleared off; besides which Rs. 150 are required for the monsoon repairs.

PATHARE REFORM ASSOCIATION.—A meeting of the Pathare Reform Association is to be held on Wednesday evening at the house of the secretary, Rao Bahadur Moroba Canoba. A large number of Hindoos have been invited, and also a number of their European and Parsee friends, and it is hoped there will be a good attendance.

THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH.—From a telegram from the Director of the Indo-European Line to the Secretary to Government, dated the 20th inst., we learn that the late delays in reception of messages from Europe were caused by inundation between Bagdad and Diarebkr, arising from the thawing of snow on the hills through the valleys of which the line passes. The communication has now been fully restored.

PROGRAMME OF MUSIC to be played this evening by the Band of the 22nd Regiment N. I. at the Esplanade Band Stand:—

March.
Overture ..... "Le Maçon" ..... Auber.
Quadrille ..... "Chickamaouga" ..... Burkhardt.
Selection ..... "Nabucco" ..... Verdi.
Waltzes ..... "Adèle" ..... Godfrey.
Galop ..... "Valentine" ..... Rielle.

PROSECUTION FOR SMOKE NUISANCE.—In the Fort Police Court yesterday, before the Acting Chief Magistrate, Purshotum Roopram, manager of the Maharaz Chumunlal Gunsajee Corn Grinding Company, was charged with causing a nuisance by smoke against the provisions of section 204 of the Municipal Act II of 1865. Mr. Cleveland appeared for the prosecution and Mr. Nusserwanjee for the defence. Mr. West, an officer of the Municipality, was examined to prove the nuisance; and the case was adjourned till the 11th June, so as to give the defendant an opportunity of abating the smoke.

AN ABUSIVE BUGGYWALLAH.—Nusserwanjee Dadaboy, a buggywallah, was charged with using abusive language in a public place on the previous day. It seemed that two officers of the P. and O. Company's steamer *Orissa* had engaged the buggy at the office of the Company, and driven to the Fort. After one or two calls they offered the buggywallah twelve annas, on which he commenced to abuse them, and got out of his buggy and laid hold on one of the complainants. Nusserwanjee was fined Rs. 5 for this offence, and he was also fined Rs. 1 in another charge by a sepoy for plying for hire without wearing his badge conspicuously.

ALLEGED CHEATING.—Yesterday an information was lodged before Mr. Nana Morojee by Hajee Isack, charging Hydur Ali Keekabhai with cheating. Complainant is a dealer in Europe goods, and gave defendant some French paper, valued at Rs. 750, on Tuesday last. He declined to open an account as requested by defendant but sent a servant to get the money. Hydur took the paper but did not give the money then or on subsequent occasions, and ultimately complainant found that his shop was closed and that he had sent the goods by rail to Neriad and Ahmedabad. Complainant stated that Hydur was "nowhere forthcoming," and the Magistrate granted a warrant.

MURDER.—A short time ago, one Deepa Mahadoo, by caste Wunjaree, was arraigned before the Hon'ble G. A. Hobart, Session Judge of Dhoolia, with having on or about the 9th March last caused the death of Deewa Mbadoo. The Court, concurring with the assessors, found the accused guilty of the offence and sentenced him to capital punishment. On the above conviction and sentence a petition was presented on behalf of the accused to the Judges of the High Court, and on Wednesday last the Court (the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Westropp, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Lloyd) on a review of the case, confirmed the sentence passed by the lower Court.

ALLEGED NON-FULFILMENT OF CONTRACT.—Balajee Baboorao, a partner in the firm of Bhajee Nundoo & Co., yesterday appeared before the Magistrate at the Girgaum Police Court, and made an application for a summons under the following circumstances:—On the 6th April last, the firm of Bhanjee Nundoo & Co. and one Petell Rutton entered into an agreement. On the 9th of the month another agreement was entered into between one Hurry Chowan and the firm. By these agreements the abovenamed parties were bound to supply stones of the quality and dimensions mentioned in their respective agreements up to the end of June ensuing. The firm advanced each of the aforesaid persons Rs. 100 as earnest money, and paid them from time to time different sums of money. In violation of the term of their agreements they ceased to supply stones from the 5th instant. He charged them with wilfully and without lawful and reasonable excuse neglecting and refusing to perform the work required by their respective agreements. The Magistrate granted the application.

FORT POLICE COURT.—21ST MAY.

(Before NANA MOROJEE, Esq.)

GAMBLING.—Cursetjee Jamasjee, a bill collector, and five other Parsees, (carpenters, cooks, and beggars) were charged with gambling in a public place at Dhobie Talao. They were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 10 or suffer 20 days' imprisonment each.

SUSPECTED THEFT OF COTTON.—Govind Baba and Dajee Parag were charged with having in their possession a quantity of cotton reasonably suspected of being stolen. They had been stopped by a sepoy when carrying the material (valued at Rs. 12) out of the Fort. They said it belonged to their master, but, on being taken to him, he denied having given them the cotton. Govind was fined Rs. 15 and the other prisoner was dismissed.

THEFT.—Moosa Noosib was sentenced to receive ten stripes for theft of two cumblees from Amenbhoy Hassajee.

GIRGAUM POLICE COURT.—21ST MAY.

(Before R. H. SHOWELL, Esq.)

THEFT.—Ragoo Luxumon was charged with stealing two pomeloes belonging to Laroo Suckoojee, and was sentenced to seven days' imprisonment.

THE woman who gives herself up to the sleepy pleasure of novel reading is almost as useless to the world as an opium eater; the man who indulges in it too freely will become wholly incapable of severe mental discipline.—*Express.*

SMART DODGE BY A SHOEBLACK TO RECOVER "PROFESSIONAL FEES."—A member of the shoeblack brigade, who recently arrived in town from Glasgow, did a rather smart stroke of business lately, to recover, as he states his "professional fees." It seems that a sailor who has been residing in town for some time had sent his boots every morning to this "professional" gentleman in order to be cleaned. It would also appear that the terms were not ready money—the more convenient plan (for the sailor) of running an account being adopted. The shoeblack had never doubted his debtor's solvency until one morning, when he evidently thought that the account had run long enough and as it were to give Jack a gentle reminder, inclosed to him in the shape of a bill the sum he modestly put them down his own feet! Jack beginning to get anxious as to what had become of his property, called on his tradesman, and observing the use that was being made of his boots demanded them instanter. They were delivered up, but, the shoeblack says, not before his alleged debt was paid. He also states that the sailor told him to wear the boots until he was paid, although that seems rather an incredible story.—*Dundee Advertiser.*

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Trinity Sunday—May 23rd, 1869.

ST. THOMAS'S CATHEDRAL.

Daily Prayers at 7 A.M. and 5-15 P.M.

7-30 A.M.—1st administration of the Holy Communion.

11 A.M.—Morning Prayer, 2nd administration of the Holy Communion, with Sermon. Hymns 135 and 137.

5 P.M.—Litany.

6 P.M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon. Anthem, Psalm 145, Verses 3, 4 (Hayes), Hymn 135.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH,—COLABA.

7 A.M.—Holy Communion (Celebration).

11 A.M.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, Hymns 135 and 161.

6 P.M.—Evening Prayer. Sermon. Hymns 137 and 11.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH,—SONAPORE.
(Feast of the Dedication.)

7-30 A.M.—Matins with Choral Celebration of Holy Communion by the Rev. E. H. Cooper. Hymns 135 (Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty), 132 (All hail, adored Trinity), and 244 (Christ is made the same foundation).

6 P.M.—Evensong, with Sermon. Hymns 135 and 137 (Three in one, and One in Three), 138 (Father of Heaven, Whose love profound), and 243 (Blessed city, Heavenly Salem.) Collections in aid of the Repair and Improvement Fund will be made at both services.

IN THE HARBOUR.

The Rev. George Bowen (American Missionary) will preach (for Mr. Paterson) on board the ship *Weathersfield*, lying off the Mint at 11 o'clock.

Morning Prayers and Sermon on board the ship *Victory*, off the Time ball tower at eleven o'clock, by the Rev. Wm. Brown Keer, Harbour Chaplain S. P. G.

CHANGES IN THE COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

LIEUTENANT COLONEL J. B. DUNSTERVILLE, C.S.I., is appointed Commissary General from the date of departure of Colonel H. W. Holland on furlough to Europe.

The following re-appointments are also made from the same date:—Colonel H. W. Holland to be Deputy Commissary General; Colonel A. W. Lucas to be Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and to act as Deputy Commissary General, during the absence of Colonel H. W. Holland; Lieutenant Colonel F. P. Mignon to be Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, and to act as Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class; Captain M. W. Willoughby to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class; Captain R. T. Clarke to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class; Captain J. B. Fenwick to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, and to continue to act as Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class; Captain R. M. Van Heythusen to be Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class; Captain C. Swinhoe to be Supernumerary Sub-Assistant Commissary General, and to continue to act as Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

Consequent on the return of Colonel A. W. Lucas Deputy Commissary General, from England, the following alterations are ordered in the Commissariat Department, to have effect from the 21st May 1869:—

Lieutenant F. P. Mignon, Acting Deputy Commissary General, to revert to the grade of Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class; Captain C. F. Keays, Acting Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to revert to the grade of Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class; Major E. L'Estrange, Acting Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to revert to the grade of Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class; Major L. M. Davies, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class, to revert to the grade of Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class; Captain E. M. Shewell, Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd Class, to revert to the grade of Acting Sub-Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

Wednesday, 19th May.

(Before the Hon'ble MR. JUSTICE WESTROPP and the Hon'ble MR. JUSTICE LLOYD).

MURDER AT SURAT.

AT a Court of Criminal Sessions held at Surat, before Mr. C. G. Kemball, Session Judge, Kalia Racla, Joglo Chugdo and Vestlo Bizlo, Bheels by caste, committed for trial by Rao Bahadoor Pranlal Muthooradass, First Class Subordinate Magistrate in the District of Surat, were charged, under Section 302 of the Indian Penal Code, with murder, by causing the death of one Narsung Roopa, on or about the 9th February 1869, in the Anklessur Talooka of the Surat district. It appeared from the evidence, that the deceased and the three accused were all Bheels and residents of the same village of Poon. One morning the three accused called at the deceased's house and invited him go and drink with them. He went, but never returned home. That evening, however, the three accused came back about an hour after lamp lighting time. Enquiries were made of one of them, Joglo, by the deceased's son, who was informed by him that the deceased had returned into the village. Search was made but without success, and when the son went to Jogla again, the latter was not to be found. The following morning the son went to the village of Dewa to make enquiries, and as he was returning by the Dhurla Kharee, a water course, then dry, about three feet deep, he discovered in the bed a quantity of blood, some human hair, and about three inches of an arrow at the feather end. The son then returned home, and he and his uncle went to the Patell of the village, who apprehended the three accused and reported the matter to the Fouzdar. After the latter's arrival the same day, the three accused in company with him, the Patell, and others, went to the Nerbudda river and pointed out a particular spot. Divers were sent in that day, but without success. The day following that part of the river was dragged with nets, but equally fruitlessly. Four days after, however, when the Mookhee of Shukerpoor, Rajcurrun, (who stated he was keeping a constant watch over the place) went down to the same part of the river, he discovered a body floating on the surface of the water. He had it brought to land, when it was found to be the body of the missing Nursing. There was a wound in the throat as if inflicted with an arrow, the left eye had been gonged out, and the drawers on the body were filled with sand. The corpse was taken to Poon, where an inquest was held upon it. All three of the accused denied that they were with the deceased on the day in question, whereas the wife and son of the deceased deposed that they were present when the accused came to invite him to accompany them to drink toddy. Two toddy drawers of Dewa deposed that the three accused in company with the deceased came to their respective toddy trees in the course of the day to drink. One Poonjio, who went part of the way to Poon with them on their road back, deposed to having seen the three accused assault the deceased and drag him into the bed of the Dhurla Kharee. Another witness, a devotee residing in the village of Poon, who stated that he was out looking for a stray milch buffaloe, deposed to having seen as it was getting dark the three accused in the Dhurla Kharee, on the top of the deceased, who was lying motionless on the ground; and to having been threatened by accused Kalio to be served in the same manner as the deceased if he said a word of what he had seen. It was further proved that the three accused returned alone to their village that evening; that the deceased body was found in the exact part of the Nerbudda river to which the three accused had guided the Fouzdar and others; and that the deceased came to a violent end. It was stated that there was ill feeling between the accused and the deceased, in consequence of the latter having been appointed Wussao of the village, and the brother of the deceased deposed to having overheard the three accused on the evening of the day on which they went with the deceased to drink, concocting a scheme for averting suspicion in respect of the deceased's death. The accused were stated to have been slightly intoxicated, but there was no reason for thinking that they were not perfectly capable of knowing what they were about. The accused attacked and killed the unfortunate deceased in the most determined manner and then deliberately made away with the body, filling the drawers and trousers on the person of the deceased with sand in order to prevent the body from rising to the surface. The Court, concurring with the assessors, found the three accused guilty of the offence and sentenced them to death.

The High Court, on a review of the case, declined to confirm the sentence of death passed on the three accused, and passed upon each of them a sentence of transportation for life.

WEATHER REPORTS.

CARWAR, 21st, 8 A.M.—Weather light cloudy, wind northwest, thermometer 83, barometer 30·03.

CANNANORE, 21st, 9 A.M.—Weather cloudy, wind north-west, thermometer 84, barometer 29·990.

COCHIN, 21st, 9 A.M.—Weather cloudy, wind west, thermometer 84, barometer 29·964, sky cumulis.

TUTICORIN, 21st, 9 A.M.—Weather fair, wind light south-west thermometer 91.

VINGORLA, 21st, 10 A.M.—Weather clear, wind north-west strong, thermometer 90.

KOLAPORE, 21st, 12 P.M.—Weather fair, wind south-west, thermometer 91.

GALLE, 21st, 9 A.M.—Weather fine, wind light, thermometer 84.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in packets, labelled—JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH MAIL OF APRIL 30.

SHORTLY before six o'clock yesterday morning, the P. and O. Co.'s s. s. *Ellora*, Captain J. S. Murray, arrived in harbour, with the English mail of the 30th ult. The *Ellora* left Suez at noon on the 8th inst., and sailed from Aden for Bombay at halfpast ten on the morning of the 14th. She brings the following passengers:—

From Southampton.—Miss Carney, Captain Tomlin, Messrs. J. Freight, S. Hannan, Vincent Wing, and H. Bellora.

From Marseilles.—Colonel, Mrs., and Miss Lucas, Colonel and Mrs. Dunsterville, Colonel H. Vincent, Captain Shaw, Captain M. Dougall, Captain Hildreth, Mrs. Roome and infant, Mrs. Carnegy, Mrs. Schneider, Mr. H. Maxwell and two Misses Maxwell, Miss Boyce, Miss Ker, Messrs. Burnbury and J. Dickinson.

From Suez.—Captain Doherty and Lieutenant Trottery. (Mr. W. S. Steel, a passenger from Suez, being sick, was transferred to the "Carnatic," 600 miles from Bombay, to return to England.)

From Aden.—Captain Simmons.

The *Ellora* spoke the *Golconda* in the Red Sea on the 11th instant, and the *Carnatic* on the 19th, about 600 miles from Bombay, all well. on board. She also passed the B. & B. s. s. *Magdala* at three o'clock on Thursday.

HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE.

CONSIDERABLE progress has been made in committee on the Irish Church Bill, the Government maintaining its majorities at each division.

Two agrarian murders have taken place in Ireland. Mr. W. J. Bradshaw, of Cappawhite, and Capt. Rowland Tarleton, of Creggan, magistrates and landowners, have both been shot dead. These crimes have created an intense sensation.

The Mayor of Cork, at a dinner given to the released Fenians, said O'Farrell, who fired at Prince Alfred at Sydney, was imbued with noble and patriotic feelings. This speech has been the subject of notice in Parliament.

A debate has taken place in the House of Lords upon the military organisation of the kingdom.

Earl Russell's Life Peerage Bill has been read the second time.

The Duke of Argyll's Bill for the Amendment of the Government of India Act has been read the second time in the House of Lords.

The French Chambers have been closed, and the new elections are fixed for May 23 and 24.

Admiral Milne, K.C.B., has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean station.

The Nawab Nazim of Bengal and his sons have been presented to the Queen at Osborne.

At Newmarket the Two Thousand was won by Mr. Johnstone's Pretender, and the One Thousand by the Duke of Beaufort's Scottish Queen.

Lord Lawrence attended the annual dinner of the Institute of Civil Engineers, and said a great field was open in India to the experience and science of the members.

Mr. Sumner, in his speech in the American Senate against the ratification of the Alabama treaty, claimed from this country damages to the amount of £500,000,000.

The new law courts are after all not to be erected on the Carey-street site, but between Somerset-house and the Temple.

A select committee has been agreed to in the House of Commons to inquire into the operation of the Game Laws in Scotland.

Lord Hyde, the Liberal candidate, has been returned for Brecon, in place of Mr. Howel Gwyn, unseated on petition. Major Anson has obtained the seat for Bewdley.

Sixteen persons have perished by an accident at the Dolabole Slate Quarries, near Camelford.

The May Meetings are in full progress. Lord Lawrence spoke at the meeting of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

Major-General Simmons, C. B., of the Royal Engineers, has been appointed Lieutenant-Governor of the Royal Military Academy at Woolwich.

The Prince and Princess of Wales are expected in London on May 10. The Queen is about to visit Scotland.

We are informed that the Kirwee Prize Question is to be argued by Counsel before the Lords of the Treasury on May 10.

The Government of India Bill has been read a second time by the Lords.

There has been a debate in the House of Lords on Military Organisation and Army Reform.

The Irish Church Bill is still under discussion in Committee in the House of Commons.

The Belgian Railway difficulty is to be referred to a Commission representing France and Belgium. A speedy settlement is anticipated.

An insurrection has broken out in Guayaquil, South America, and is reported to have been suppressed after a loss of three hundred lives.

A conspiracy discovered at Milan is said to be confined to the Mazzinian party. Several arrests have been made.

The Hungarian Diet has been opened by a speech from the Emperor Francis Joseph in person.

A protest is published from the ex-King of Hanover, addressed to the Sovereigns of Europe, against the sequestration of his dominions.

A Review of Regulars and Volunteers at Portsmouth has passed off satisfactorily.

Two supposed agrarian murders, and a riot at Londonderry, are reported from Ireland.

The defalcations of Benjamin Higgs, of the Great Central Gas Company, are stated by the directors to have been £72,000. His salary was £145 per annum.

The East Indian Railway Company have been authorised to issue 50,000 guaranteed 5 per cent. shares of £20 each at a premium of £1 per share.

Owing to the resumption of the drawings by the Indian Government, silver is less in demand and lower in price.

The Board of Trade Tables for the first three months of the year are favourable.

The tea market is dull.

The Manchester markets are still flat and manufacturers are working at a loss. The Preston strike continues.

At the Liverpool sales of East Indian Wool, a decline of fully 1d. per lb. was established.

The following names appear in the obituary of the week:—

In her Majesty's Indian Service: F. H. Cooper, Esq., C.B., Bengal Civil Service—H. G. Smith, Esq., Madras Civil Service—J. Warden, Esq., late Bombay

BANKS.

NEW BANK OF BOMBAY (Limited).—

RATES.

DISCOUNT.

On Government Bills ..... 6 per cent.
On Private Bills and Notes ..... 8 per cent.
On Loans on deposit of Government Paper, Bullion, or Railway Shares, ... 6 per cent.

INTEREST.

On Fixed Loans on deposit of Government Paper, Bullion, or Railway Shares ..... 6 per cent.
On ditto ditto ditto Goods or Shipping documents for Goods ..... 8 do.
On Cash Credits, on Security of Government Paper, Bullion, or Railway Shares, subject to a Commission of ½ per cent on the amount of Credit.. 7 do.

The Bank is prepared to arrange Credits to be negotiated through its Agencies in the Cotton Districts.

Bombay, 12th May 1869.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

The current rates of Exchange are :—

	For Rupee.
On London at 6 months' sight	1s. 11 5/8 do.
do. 4 do.	1s. 11 3/8d. do.
,, 3 do.	1s. 11 3/16d. ,,
,, 2 do.	1s. 11 1/16d. do.
On demand	1s. 11 1/16d. do.
On Scotland do.	1s. 11 1/16d. do.
On Ireland do.	1s. 11 1/16d. do.
On Paris do.	1s. 10 15/16d. do.
Circular Notes payable throughout Europe.	1s. 10 15/16d. do.

Th Drafts at four months' sight are granted for sums under £50. Sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

All Treasury Drafts, Hoondees and other orders for realisation, to be endorsed "Pay the Oriental Bank Corporation, or order."

Any information as to rules of business may be had on application at the Office, or by letter to the Agent.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

The Agent buys Bills on England and elsewhere, and grants Drafts on he Head Office and Branches of the Corporation.

Bombay, 13th May 1869.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.—

(Incorporated by National Decree of 7th and 8th March and by Imperial Decree of 25th July 1854.)

Recognised by the International Convention of 30th April 1863, and by Act No. VIII. of 1864, of the Legislative Council of India, and by amended Act of 1867.

Subscribed Capital	£3,200,000
Paid up Capital	1,463,350
Reserve Fund	800,000

HEAD OFFICE—Paris.

AGENCIES AT

London,	Saigon.
Lyons, Marseilles and Nantes (France).	Hongkong.
Bourbon (Reunion).	Shanghai.
Calcutta;	Yokohama.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Union Bank of London, and the Messrs. C. J. Hambro and Son.

AGENTS IN SCOTLAND.—National Bank of Scotland.
" IN IRELAND.—The Munster Bank, Limited.
" —The Belfast Banking Company.

The Bank grants Drafts and Letters of Credit, and purchases and collects Bills, on the above places, and on all the principal Cities and Towns on the Continent of Europe.

CURRENT DEPOSITS.

These will be made up to the 30th June and 31st of December in each year, and if the balance shall not have been at any time during half year have been below Rs. 1,000, interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed on the minimum monthly balance, in accordance with the above rule, for the time.

Deposits for fixed periods are received at interest, particulars of which may be obtained at the Bank as also any further information that may be under of business, may be had on application to the Manager.

All remittances to be endorsed "Pay Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, or order."

E. J. HARDCASTLE,
Acting Manager.

9, Rampart Row, Bombay, 19th February 1869.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK of INDIA, LONDON, and CHINA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

The Bank grants Drafts on London, Scotland, and Ireland, Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange :—

On London, at 6 months' sight	1s. 11 5/8d.	per Rupee.
,, 4 do.	1s. 11 5/16d.	,,
,, 3 do.	1s. 11 3/16d.	,,
,, 2 do.	1s. 11 1/16d.	,,
On demand	1s. 11 7/16d.	,,
On Scotland do.	1s. 10 15/16d.	,,
On Ireland do.	1s. 10 7/8d.	,,
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and to Europe Overland at 3 days' sight	1s. 10 13/16d.	,,

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Ceylon, Hongkong, Foochowfoo, Shanghai, Hankow, Singapore, Penang, Mauritius and Yokohama.

The Bank also draws on the Branches of the Bank of New South Wales.

INTEREST.

On Deposit accounts payable on demand interest will be credited half yearly, on 30th June and 31st December, at the rate of two per cent. per annum on the daily balance not exceeding one Lac Rupees.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

12 months	5 per cent.
6 do.	4 ,,
3 do.	3 ,,

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes interests and Dividends thereon on the following terms :—

If to be remitted in Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of a ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities ¼ per cent.

All Letters should be addressed and Hoondies made payable to the Agent, Chartered Mercantile Bank.

Bombay, 21st May 1869.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (Limited).

Established in India 1863, and Incorporated under the English Companies Act of 1862, 23rd March 1866.

Authorised Capital—Two Millions Sterling.

Subscribed Capital	£927,700
Paid-up Capital	463,850
Reserve Fund	£ 41,000

HEAD OFFICE.

[36, King William Street, London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Calcutta, Bombay, and Madras.

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY.

Agents—Messrs. Dalmahoy & Cowan, W.S.

GLASGOW DEPOSIT AGENCY.

Agents—Messrs. Couper, Mackenzie & Innes, Solicitors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

John Borradaile, Esq., 26, Gloucester Place, Portman Square.
J. B. Boyson, Esq., late Solicitor to the Government of Madras.
R. O. Campbell, Esq., of Messrs. Binny & Co. Madras, late President Bank of Madras.
W. S. Fitzwilliam, Esq., late Member of the Supreme Legislative Council of India.
W. E. Frere, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, late Member of Council Bombay Government.
R. P. Harrison, Esq., late Controller General of Accounts for India, and Government Director, Bank of Bengal.
E. W. Wingrove, Esq., late of Calcutta.

CHIEF MANAGER—R. O. SAWERS, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. as.
Single Bottles	Each 2 0	2 4
Double ,, ...	,, 3 8	4 0
Quadruple ,, ...	,, 7 0	8 0

The Bank buys and sells on Commission Bullion and Foreign Coin, and grants Drafts on London, Calcutta, and Madras at the current rates of Exchange. It also negociates and collects Bills payable in these places. Instructions respecting Family Remittances are carefully attended to, and when requested, and the necessary particulars are furnished, the Bank will forward First Copy of the Bill direct to the parties in England.

CIRCULAR NOTES.

The Bank also issues Circular Notes of Travellers by the Overland Route, the Circular Notes of the National Provincial Bank of England, which are payable in Egypt, and at all the principal towns on the Continent, &c.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank opens Current Deposit Accounts and allows Interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum the customer 2½ balance not from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 100,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Money, on Fixed Deposit, and allows Interest thereon as follows :—

On Deposits subject to 3 months' notice of withdrawal 3 per cent.
,, ,, 6 ,, ,, 5 ,,
,, ,, 12 ,, ,, 6 ,,

All remittances should be made payable to the Manager, National Bank of India (Limited), who will be glad to afford any further information respecting the Bank's terms of business.

By order of the Directors,

JAMES WINDRAM, Manager.

National Bank of India, Bombay, 12th April 1869.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

IMPORTANT.

MESSES, MERCHANTS, and RESIDENTS, in Western India should apply to CUTLER, PALMER, & Co., Dhin Lane, Bombay, for such Wines, Spirits, and Cordials, as

AMONTILLADO, a choice after-dinner Wine—Dry.
BRAUNEBERGER, a fragrant dessert Wine.
CLARETS, of the best growths to ordinary, in Quarts and Pints, See List.
CHAMBERTIN, the elite of Burgundies.
CURAÇOA, white or orange, in Quarts and Pints.
CHABLIS, the Wine to be served with Fish.
CHERRY BRANDY, after-dinner Liqueur.
Dry and Very Dry CHAMPAGNE, in Magnums, Quarts, and Pints, three qualities.
EAST INDIA MADEIRA, of magnificent character.
Fine Sparkling NONPAREIL and other HOCKS, specially prepared for India.
GIN, best London distilled, dry and soft.
GENEVA, best Dutch.
HOCHHEIMER, a light refreshing Wine in hot weather.
INVALIDS' PORT, really and truly splendid Wine.
JOHANNISBERGER, a recherché Cabinet Wine
LIEBFRAUMILCH, another style of Cabinet after-dinner Wine.
MOSELLE NONPAREIL and MUSCATEL, the finest, sparkling, brilliant condition.
MADEIRA, pale Virgin, good dinner Wine.
MACON, cheap dinner Burgundy.
NUITS, a dinner Burgundy, good quality.
ORANGE BITTERS, pure, recommended for use before dinner.
PORTS of various qualities, in Quarts or Pints.
RUM, the best of old landed Jamaicas.
RUDESHEIMER, full bodied dinner Hock.
SAUTERNE, delicate and fine flavoured.
TRAMINER FORSTER, a very choice dessert Hock.
Very old and choice pale COGNACS to medium quality.
WHISKY, Scotch and Irish, old, soft, and mellow.
XERES or SHERRY WINES, in six styles, dry and pale; gold, &c.
YQUEM SAUTERNE, shipped to order.
ZARA, MARASCHINO DI, a choice Italian Liqueur.

Unexceptionally good Terms to Traders. Quotations given at Dean Lane, Bombay.

NOTICE.

Our heart-shaped Labels and distinctive Coloured Seals, originated and used by us since 1815, are now extensively imitated in India. We beg our friends and the public will ask for our Trade-mark Label and Brand when ordering Wines and Spirits, and so prevent fraud.

Being WINE MERCHANTS in the fullest sense of the term, and first hands, we offer our Wines for sale at one profit between the grower and consumer. Our terms to Traders, on orders of 30 dozen, are most liberal, and in like manner we give excellent value to private consumers, from whom we solicit comparison with other brands at our quotations.

TRADERS indenting on us for not less than 100 dozen of any one Wine (Champagne and Moselle included) may have their own names branded on the corks and cases if desired.

CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
DEAN LANE, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED IN BOMBAY IN THE YEAR 1842;
AND IN BORDEAUX AND LONDON 1815.

LONDON HOUSES { Wholesale and for Export only—TOWER BONDED VAULTS, MARK LANE.
Retail—CHARING CROSS RAILWAY ARCHES, VILLIERS STREET, STRAND.

BORDEAUX HOUSE { Wholesale and for Export—PLACE DU CHAMP DE MARS.

REPRESENTATIVES IN

China,	Colombo,	New Zealand,
Calcutta,	Kurrachee,	Manilla,
Madras,	New York,	New Orleans.

CHATEAU PALMER.—The undersigned have now received their first supply of this excellent Claret which they have protected by their Trade Mark.

CHATEAU PALMER is a highly esteemed Bordeaux in Europe. Price Rs. 22 per dozen. CUTLER, PALMER, & Co.

CONSIGNMENT of WINES for H. M.'S 39TH REGIMENT.—The London, Asiatic and American Company, Limited, are directed to dispose of a shipment of Wines, intended for H. M.'s 39th Regiment (whose departure for India has been postponed) by Messrs. Tod Heatly & Co., of London. It consists of

Sherries,
Clarets,
Champagne and Moselle,
Port,
Brandy,
Hock,
Gin and Liqueurs,

and a liberal allowance will be made on the shipment, of taken over in its entirety.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 6th May, 1869.

BASS' ALE,

JUST LANDED.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. a.
Bottled by Cameron and Saunders, Pints, per dozen	3 12	4 0
Do. ditto Quarts, per dozen ..	6 4	6 12
Bottled by Stone & Co., Pints, per dozen ..	4 0	4 4
Do. ditto Imperial Pints, per dozen ..	4 12	5 4
Do. ditto Quarts, per dozen.. ..	6 8	7 0
Do. ditto Imperial Quarts, per dozen	8 8	9 0

N.B.—To Messes and large consumers CONSIDERABLE ECONOMY is effected by the use of the Imperial Bottles.

TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

MORSON'S PEPSINE WINE

Is prepared by a process founded on the observation of Dr. Ellis and other eminent medical authorities ; and thus prepared it is agreeable, and retains all the active properties of Pepsine.

Its administration is attended with certain and great benefit in all cases of disordered digestion, to which so many other ailments are attributable.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. as.
Single Bottles	Each 2 0	2 4
Double ,, ...	,, 3 8	4 0
Quadruple ,, ...	,, 7 0	8 0

MORSON'S PEPSINE LOZENGES.

Each Lozenge contains a dose of Pepsine, and will be found a very convenient and agreeable mode of taking this remedy, as it may be carried in the pocket, and taken when dining out, or at any other time, without observation.

	Cash. Rs. a.	Credit. Rs. as.
Single Bottles	Each 2 0	2 4
Double ,, ...	,, 3 8	4 0

AGENTS—
TREACHER & Co. (Limited).

CHARLES TOVEY & SON,

WINE EXPORTERS,
SOUTHWARK STREET,
LONDON.

MESSRS. GWEN and OKELL, Agents of the above Firm,

Call attention to the following :

BRANDY.

	Per dozen.
COGNAC, Vintage 1865	Rs 20

CLARETS.

CHARLES TOVEY'S] 4	,, 15

SHERRIES.

PALE DRY DINNER	,, 24
AMONTILLADO	,, 32
"THREE CROWNS" SOLERA	,, 44

Detailed Price Current on application.

OWEN and OKELL
Agent for Charles Tovey and Son,
Bombay Presidency.

Agents for Bengal—Messrs. TURNER, MORRISON, and Co.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned.

		Rs.
CHAMPAGNE		
Champagne	Titus Newhouse ...	Quarts 18
do. Rose	P. Wegelin	,, 20
do.	B. & E. Perrier	,, 36
SPARKLING HOCK AND MOSELLE.		
Sparkling Schwarzhofberg	F. Kehrmann	Quarts 42
do. Hock	do. ...	,, 23
do. Moselle	do. ...	,, 22
do. Moselle Muscatel	do. ...	,, 22
do. Moselle No. 2	Titus Newhouse ...	,, 30
do. Moselle No. 2	do. ...	Pints 31
do. Moselle No. 1	do. ...	Quarts 22
do. Moselle No. 1	do. ...	Pints 23
STILL HOCK.		
Queen Victoria Vineyard	G. M. Pabstmann Son	Quarts 54
do.	do.	,, 48
Marcobrunner	do.	,, 30
Boxbentel Steinwein	do.	,, 24
Liebfraumilch	Gebr. Schmitz	,, 18
Hochheimer	do.	,, 26
Schloss Johannisberg	do.	,, 32
Rudesheimer	do.	,, 36
CLARETS.		
Bages Pauliac	B. G. Hobbs & Co...	,, 34
Milon Pauliac	do.	,, 24
Clos Fourlet St. Emillion	do.	,, 28
Vrai canon	H. & C. Balaresque.	,, 24
Chateau de Frandis	do.	,, 19
Chateau Larose	H. Hermsant & Co.	,, 24
Chateau Leoville	do.	,, 19
Baumes Sauterne Superior Montheuil Francfils Aine	do.	,, 36
Chateau Bel Air St. Julien Medoc	do.	,, 24
Chateau Delorme Margaux	do.	,, 24
SUNDRY WINES AND BRANDIES.		
Sherry No. 4	Titus Newhouse ...	Quarts 26
Old Champagne Cognac	H. & C. Balaresque.	,, 20
Brandy	H. Hibelot & Co ...	,, 20
do.	B. G. Hobbs & Co...	,, 30
Old Cognac	do. ...	,, 16
Absinthe	do. ...	,, 30
Burgundy Porto	do. ...	,, 30
do.	do. ...	,, 15
Best Old Cognac	Blanchy Freres & Co	,, 20
do.	John Baker ...	,, 20
Benedictine	H. Underberg Albrecht...	,, 20
Magenbitter	Idocius Roberts	,, 20

Terms—CASH.

Bombay, January 1869. VOLKART BROTHERS.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

JAMES MUIR & SON'S EDINBURGH PALE ALE.—A consignment of the above just landed, in good condition, for sale at the following prices, cash, delivered at the godowns in casks only :—

Quarts (in casks of 4 doz.).....Rs. 4 8 per doz.
Pints (do. do. 8 ,, ... ,, 3 0 ,,

Apply to the Godown-keeper at Forbes Street, 22nd April, 1869. PEEL, CASSELS & Co.'s.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned.

Messrs. Thomas Dunkin & Sons' BRANDIES.

Champagne Cognac, in 1 and 3 doz. cases, at	.....	Rs. 22 per doz.
Vigux ,,	Do.	..... ,, 18 ,,
Cognac ,,	Do.	..... ,, 16 ,,

BENNIE, SCOVELL & Co.

FOR SALE, at the Godowns of the undersigned—

Barclay and Perkins' Porter, Quarts at Rupees 5 and Pints at Rupees 3-8 per dozen ... } Bottled by J. W. Bridges and Son.
Bass', Pale Ale, Quarts at Rupees 8-8 and Pints at Rupees 3-8 per dozen ..

Dublin Stout, bottled by J. M. Borthwick, Quarts at Rupees 4-12 and Pints at Rupees 3-8 per dozen.
Also small quantities of fine Pale Sherry, at Rupees 24 per doz.
Full flavoured Port, at Rupees 20 per dozen.

SIR C. FORBES & Co.

INSURANCES.

POLICIES INDISPUTABLE.

ALBERT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, THE LARGEST LIFE OFFICE IN INDIA.

Established 1838.

For the Assurance of Lives, and for Granting Annuities and Endowments.

HEAD OFFICES—7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, London.
With Branches in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
And Agencies throughout Europe and India.
CAPITAL—Half a Million Sterling.
REVENUE—Nearly £1,000 per diem.
Indian New Business progressing at the rate of nearly £20,000 per annum in Premiums.

One of the distinguishing features of the Company has always been its prompt settlement of claims.

The sum paid to Claimants up to the present time in India alone (inclusive of Bonuses) exceeds

TWO MILLIONS ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STERLING.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Local Board of Management.

Henry Edward Astley, Esq., (Ewart, Latham & Co.) Merchant.
The Hon ble Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel.
Samuel McCulloch, Esq., (Barrister at Law).
William Loudon, Esq., Administrator-General.

MEDICAL OFFICER—Surgeon Major T. B. Johnstone, M.D., Town Hall. Hours—10 to 11 A.M.

SOLICITORS—Messrs. Hearn, Cleveland and Peile.]

AGENTS—Messrs. Ewart, Latham & Co.

CITY AGENTS—The Manager Delhi and Loudon Bank (Limited).

BANKERS—The Bank of Bombay[
" The National Bank of India.

SECRETARY—D. McLauchlan Slater, Esq.

ADVANTAGES OFFERED TO ASSURERS.

Policies indisputable.

Lives assured through the Indian Branch with certain exceptions may in time of peace reside or travel in any part of the world except the Western Coast of Africa.

Immediate reduction to English rates on the lives Assured reaching Europe. Promptitude observed in issuing Policies. No charge for Entry-money, Policies or Medical Fees. Premiums may be paid in one sum, or yearly, half-yearly, quarterly, or monthly.

Thirty days of grace allowed for yearly and half-yearly payments, and fifteen for quarterly or monthly.

Assignments or Policies registered without charge.

Assurances may be revived within six months of the date on which the Premium became due. Civil rates charged on the lives of Military Officers holding Civil appointments (Police and Constabulary Corps excepted). Policies may, at the time of being effected, be made payable in London at the rate of two Shillings sterling per Company's Rupee.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The rates of Premium charged by this Company will be found upon comparison to be generally lower than those of other Offices, and particularly favourable for Military Men.

FOR EXAMPLE,

The following Premiums are required at the undermentioned ages for the Assurance of Rs. 1,000 for the whole term of life without Profits ; the rates for the participating scale being about 10 per cent. higher :—

Age.	CIVIL. Half-yearly.			Monthly.			MILITARY. Half-yearly.			Monthly.			Age.
	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	Rs.	as.	p.	
20	15	0	0	2	10	0	17	8	0	3	1	8	20
30	18	0	0	3	3	0	20	0	0	3	8	8	30
40	22	8	0	3	15	9	23	8	0	4	2	7	40
50	31	8	0	5	3	7	30	0	0	5	6	8	50
60	41	8	0	7	5	7	42	8	0	7	8	5	60

THE SHORT TERM PREMIUMS have recently been materially reduced, and the following examples show the Annual Premiums required for the assurance of Rs. 1,000 for the different periods, at the respective Ages :—

Age.	CIVIL. 1 yr.	3 yrs.	5 yrs.	7 yrs.	MILITARY. 1 yr.	3 yrs.	5 yrs.	7 yrs.	Age.
25	27	28	28	28	34	34	34	35	25
35	31	32	32	33	36	37	37	37	35
45	39	40	41	42	42	43	44	45	45
55	53	55	56	51	54	56	57	59	55

Half-yearly, quarterly and monthly Payments in proportion.

Annuities and Endowments granted on favourable terms and every Description of Life Assurance Business transacted.

For further particulars, Forms of Proposal, Reports, Prospectuses, &c., apply to

D. MCLAUCHLAN SLATER,
Secretary for Western India.

Office, 3, Church Lane, Bombay.

GUARDIAN FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies against Fire on the usual terms.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co., Agents.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

Established 1710.

The undersigned grant Insurance against loss by Fire on Buildings and their Contents in Bombay and in the Mofussil at current rates. Policies on Ships in Harbour.

The rate on pucka-built Bungalows in the Suburbs of Bombay, and in the Mofussil, has lately been reduced to three-eighths per cent per annum.

PEEL, CASSELS, & Co. Agents.

LONDON and ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

Established 1843.

MESSRS. JAMES HARTLEY & Co., London Managers.

The undersigned is authorised to accept risks on Precious Stones and other valuables sent through the Post in Registered Letters to London, and on Cargoes by Steamers and first-class Sailing Vessels, at current rates of premium, to England and all Eastern Ports ; claims being payable at the option of the assured in India, China, or London, according to the established usage of Lloyd's.

Rampart Row. H. S. BOSTOCK, Acting Agent.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital £2,000,000 sterling ; Funds in hand exceed £1,300,000.

Fire premiums for 1869	£228,314
Do. 1868	222,402
Do. 1866	341,968
Do. 1866	414,738
Do. 1867	460,553
Showing an increase over 1869 of	£232,239

Policies covering risks on Merchandise and Buildings in Bombay continue to be granted by the Company through their Agents. Detached Bungalows and Household Furniture both in Bombay and in the Mofussil insured on very favourable terms.

LIFE BRANCH.

Life premiums for 1863	£ 73,150
Do. 1863	105,703
Do. 1864	152,159

The undersigned, under instructions from the Head Office, are prepared to receive Proposals for Life Assurance with the above Company from Residents in India, and will be happy to afford every information regarding Rates of Premium, Participation in in Profits, &c., to ending applicants for Insurance.

CAMPBELL MITCHELL & Co.,
Agents. Royal Insurance Company.

Bombay, 1st January 1869.

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY. FIRE and LIFE.

HEAD OFFICE—Queen Insurance Buildings, Liverpool.
CAPITAL—£2,000,000 (Two Millions).

TRUSTEES.—Thomas Edwards Moss, Esq., Christopher Bushell, Esq., and Edward Heath, Esq.

DIRECTORS.

CHAIRMAN—Bernard Hall, Esq.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN—{ William Hind, Esq., / Patrick Hunter, Esq.

John Bateson, Esq.
John Bingham, Esq.
William Bottomley, Esq.
T. Ridley Brideson, Esq.
Alfred H. Cowie, Esq.
Robert C. Crosbie, Esq.
William Dalgleish, Esq.
Henry Duckworth, Esq.
William Forces, Esq.
Andrew Galbraith, Esq.
Charlton R. Hall, Esq.
William Hickman, Esq.
R. W. Kelley, Esq.
George B. Kerferd, Esq.
Peter Maxwell, Esq.
Peter M'Lagan, Esq.
John T. Pagan, Esq.
Clare Sewell Read, Esq.
John Sharp, Esq.
N. W. J. Strode, Esq.
J. B. Thomson, Esq.
C. J. Thomas, Esq.

H. C. Tunnicliffe, Esq.

ACTUARY and GENERAL MANAGER.—J. Moncrieff Wilson, Esq.
SUB-MANAGER—Thomas Walton Thomson.
BANKERS—The Liverpool Commercial Bank, and the National Provincial Bank of England.
AUDITORS—Messrs. Harmood, Banner & Son, Accountants.
PHYSICIANS—James Turnbull, M.D., Liverpool ; J. E. Pollock, M.D., London ; F. S. Stedman, M.D., Bombay.

The rates of Premium for Fire and Life Insurances will be found as moderate as those of other First Class Offices. Policies are issued under the Life branch of this Company recently established in Bombay, on Civil ives and Military lives in Civil employ.

For further information and particulars, and for prospectuses, &c., regarding Fire and Life Insurances, apply to

LAWRENCE & Co.,
Agents in Bombay.

Bombay 1st Jan. 1868.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—Established 1825.

With which is now united
THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN ASSURANCES.

An Amalgamation having been formed between the STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY and the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, the business of the United Companies will henceforth be conducted under the title of

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY ;

THE ANNUAL REVENUE of the Standard Company is now upwards of £650,000, and the Accumulated Funds amount to upwards of £3,500,000 sterling. The New Business transacted during the past year amounted to the large sum of £1,375,000 sterling, the corresponding Premiums amounting to £45,837 per annum.

MODERATE RATES charged for residence in the Colonies, India, and other places abroad.

LOCAL BOARDS and AGENCIES in India and in all the British Colonies, where every facility will be afforded in the transaction of business, and where Premiums may be received and Claims paid.

Immediate reduction of Premium on return to Europe, or other temperate climate, without Medical Certificate.

PROFITS divided every five years.

The New Colonial and Foreign Prospectus may be had on application at the Chief Offices of the Company, or to the Agents at home or abroad.

WILL. THOS. THOMSON,
Manager and Actuary.

D. CLUNIE GREGOR,
Colonial and Foreign Secretary.

BOMBAY BOARD.

S. L. Acland, Esq. | W. Nixon, Esq.
H. Somerville, Esq. | A. E. Ashley, Esq.

AGENTS AT BOMBAY.

The London Asiatic and American Company (Limited).
1st October 1867.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

The best remedy for

ACIDITY of the STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT, and INDIGESTION ; and the best mild aperient for delicate constitutions, especially adapted for Ladies, Children, and Infants, and for regular use in Warm Climates.

DINNEFORD & Co., Chemists, London, and of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

N.B.—Ask for DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Poonah, and Byculla.

INSURANCES.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION, for FIRE, LIFE, and MARINE ASSURANCES.

Incorporated by Royal Charter A. D. 1722.

HEAD OFFICE—No. 7, Royal Exchange, London, E.

J. Alexander Hankey, Esq., Governor.
Bonamy Dobree, Esq., Sub-Governor.
Patrick F. Robertson, Esq., Deputy Governor.
John Lawrence, Esq., Secretary.
John Anthony Rucker, Esq., Underwriter.
Arthur H. Bailey, Esq., Actuary.
Thos. B. Bateman, Esq., Manager of the Fire Department.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

This Corporation has granted Assurance on Lives for a period exceeding One Hundred and Forty Years, having issued its first Policy on the 7th June, 1721.

The Agents are empowered to accept proposals and to issue Policies.

EAST INDIAN RATES FOR CIVILIANS.
Annual Premiums to Assure Rs. 1,000.

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20	33 11 4	33 13 4	35	29 6 10	30 0 0
30	40 0 0	36 0 0	40	30 0 0	31 13 4
40	46 14 0	44 0 0	45	34 12 0	36 3 4
50	64 2 0	57 11 4	50	39 10 8	43 13 0
60	92 0 0	82 12 8			

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Bombay, 7th December 1864.

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